

Nationalists Destroy Red Shipping

Taipei, Aug. 6. Chinese Nationalist bombers and fighters today attacked Communist shipping concentrations off the Chinese mainland opposite Formosa.

According to a report from the Nationalist news agency, over 100 junks and other light craft were destroyed.

Military circles in Formosa, the last island stronghold of Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek, said that the raid heralded an increased air offensive against the Communist invasion preparations.

Nationalist officials claimed the offensive had been made possible by a guarantee of aviation fuel said to have been given by General Douglas MacArthur, the American Supreme Commander in the Far East, when he visited Formosa last week.

Shortage of fuel had previously curtailed Nationalist air activity, the officials added.

General MacArthur flew to Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek's headquarters from his Tokyo base after the Nationalists had announced their first bombing raid against the Communist-held mainland since President Truman ordered a halt in the Nationalist war operations pending the end of the Korean war.

After his visit, General MacArthur announced that "arrangements have been completed for effective co-ordination between American forces under my command and those of the Chinese Government, the better to meet any attack which a hostile force might be foolish enough to attempt."—Reuter.

MOLOTOV REPORT DENIED

Tokyo, Aug. 6. Lt. Col. William Hodgson of Australia, the British Commonwealth representative on the Allied Council for Japan, declared today that it was "an outrageous lie" that his mission had made any statement about the Soviet Deputy Premier, M. Vyacheslav Molotov, being in Peking.

Questioned about a London newspaper report, he angrily denied that his mission had secured any information on the matter.

The report had said that M. Molotov's visit was linked with expectations of a Chinese Communist invasion of Formosa, the Nationalist stronghold, and the possible use of Chinese troops in Korea as "Oriental volunteers."

Colonel Hodgson described the report as "a complete fabrication" and said he had never heard of the report before its publication.

Despite Colonel Hodgson's denial, there were still unconfirmed rumours in American quarters here that M. Molotov was in Peking.—Reuter.

Big Jewellery Theft

Canterbury, Aug. 6. French police here today are investigating the theft of jewels worth 20,000,000 francs from the home of Mrs. Norman Winston, wife of an American industrialist and tenant of Le Loc.

The theft was believed to have been taken place early today during a party given by Mrs. Winston for about 40 society guests.

The jewels were in wooden boxes which had been forced open by burglars.

Police inquiries were hampered by the fact that the guests had dispersed today and some had left France.—Reuter.

Getting Ready For Korea



A sergeant (foreground) checks 20 mm. ammunition belts as other American ground crewmen load the belts into a fighter plane at an air base in Japan just before a take-off for an air sweep over the Korean battle zone. (Acme).

TURKEY WANTS TO JOIN ATLANTIC PACT FAMILY

London, Aug. 6.

Turkey today sent notes to the 12 member states of the Atlantic Pact informing them of her desire to become its 13th member, according to an Ankara Radio report tonight which added that Mr. Fuad Kocprulu, the Turkish Foreign Minister, yesterday visited Mr. Ernest Bevin, the British Foreign Minister, in Strasbourg.

STRONG USSR TEAM FOR UN ASSEMBLY

Lake Success, Aug. 6. Russia is expected to send a strong delegation to the United Nations General Assembly next month.

United Nations high officials believe that the Soviet delegation will be headed by Mr. Andrei Vyshinsky, the Soviet Minister of Foreign Affairs, and its most able diplomat.

Since the return of Mr. Jacob Malik to the Security Council, the Soviet delegation attaches have been extremely active in collecting all available documents which have a bearing on the Assembly.

Mr. Malik is reported to have written to Mr. Trygve Lie, Secretary-General of the United Nations, saying that he hoped all the key documents for the Assembly would be printed in Russian in time for September 19.—Reuter.

Homicide By Imprudence

Boynon, Western France, Aug. 6.

A father and mother, whose three children—aged four months, 18 months and three years—died when their house was pulled by fire last night at Chateaufort, near here, were charged with homicide by imprudence.

Boynon firemen recovered the charred bodies of the three babies from the smoking ruins of the house at dawn today.

Witnesses of the fire said that the parents, M. and Mme. Cantin, left the children alone in the house with an oil lamp wrapped in cardboard with no glass around the flame.—Reuter.

The Radio quoted an "authoritative source" for the statement that he asked for Britain's support of Turkey's demand to be admitted to membership of the Atlantic Pact. Mr. Bevin's response was favourable, Ankara Radio said.

Mr. Kocprulu then visited Mr. Robert Schuman, the French Foreign Minister, who later saw Mr. John Pottier, the Greek Permanent Representative Under-Secretary, on the subject of Greece's demand for admission to the Atlantic Pact.

Mr. Kocprulu and Mr. Pottier later conferred with each other. It is not thought in Turkey that Turkey's admission to the Pact will be decided upon, or even discussed, at the forthcoming session of the Atlantic Pact members in New York, Ankara Radio added.

Ankara Radio announced last Thursday that the Turkish Government had taken steps in collaboration with the United States, French and British Governments for the admission of Turkey to the North Atlantic Alliance.

The Radio added that M. Kocprulu would have talks on the subject at Strasbourg with spokesmen of the three countries.

A U.S. State Department spokesman said in Washington on Thursday that Turkey had again told America she wanted to join the North Atlantic Pact organisation. Turkey's request was being studied, he added.

Other officials said that the United States had not yet decided whether to support a formal application by Turkey.

Mr. Dean Acheson, the U.S. Secretary of State, M. Robert Schuman, the French Foreign Minister, and Mr. Ernest Bevin, the British Foreign Secretary, made a joint declaration from London last May, announcing the continued interest of the three Western powers in the security of Greece, Turkey and Persia against any outside threat of aggression.—Reuter.

INTELLIGENCE TEST

Clearly each house scored three points, and two matches were played. It will be found by experiment that the scores in the other matches must have been 1-0, 1-0, 1-0. These scores produce three possible "wins" but two of them are ruled out because in each one one of the houses would score one goal against the goal scored by its opponents. The final table is:

A	B	C	D
0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0

If A America; B is Africa; and C is Europe; D is Asia.

CHECK YOUR KNOWLEDGE

Answers

- The Rhine Valley. 2. Printers, journalists, philanthropist, statesman and diplomat. 3. Bedford Island. 4. Cheddar—England. 5. The Netherlands. 6. Charles Perrault. 7. Colour of unbleached linen or raw silk.

N. KOREANS SENDING UP RESERVES

New York, Aug. 6.

The "showdown" in Korea is still to come, Hanson Baldwin, the New York Times' military correspondent, declared today.

"In the week ahead the new battle of the Nakdong River will be bloody and bitter," he wrote. "But even more important than the immediate tactical situation at the front were the week-end reports from Japan that Communist planes had reappeared over the battlefield and that enemy troop trains were observed moving large numbers of people southward from extreme Northwest Korea."

The Communists appear to have decided to commit some or all of the sizable reserves that they had maintained in this area. This decision can only mean an intensification and prolongation of the Korean fighting and require a further increase in the United States strength to match the North Korean build-up.—Reuter.

TRAINING SPEED-UP

New York, Aug. 6. General Mark Clark, of the Army Field Forces, disclosed here today that the United States Army was introducing "new unconventional methods" to speed up training.

"They would enable a new division of troops to be prepared for action in nine months instead of 15," he said.

Under the new system, National Guard divisions could complete the necessary training within five to six months.

General Clark said he was confident that the United States forces would hang on to their Korean beachhead.—Reuter.

WARRAMUNGA SAILS

Sydney, Aug. 6. The Australian destroyer, Warramunga, with 250 officers and men, called for Korea today.

Australia formally notified the United Nations Secretary-General Mr. Trygve Lie, on July 30 that the Warramunga would be placed at the disposal of the United Nations for use in the Far Eastern battle area.—Reuter.

IN TROUBLE NEAR ADEN

London, Aug. 6. A Lloyd's shipping intelligence report from Aden said that the French motor vessel, Celia, an ex-mine-sweeper, on her way from Marseilles to Saigon, had reported engine trouble in the Gulf of Aden early today and required assistance.

The 17,000-ton Norwegian motor vessel Taranga was standing by and the salvage steamer, Protector, was proceeding to her aid. The Celia has no radio.—Reuter.

15 Nations Gather At Strasbourg For European Assembly

Strasbourg, Aug. 6. Representatives from 15 nations poured into this beflagged "capital" of a United Europe today for the second annual session of the Council of Europe's Consultative Assembly here tomorrow. Out of 125 representatives expected to attend the session, 18 will be from West Germany, whose inclusion as an associate member marks the first attempt to bring Germany back into the "European family" since the war ended.

The Saar, with three representatives, also joins the Assembly as an associate member.

Back from a hectic spell of internal politics over the Leopold crisis, the Belgian Socialist leader, M. Paul Henri Spak, whose term of office as President expires when the Assembly meets, is almost certain to be re-elected.

Tomorrow's opening takes place in the Council of Europe's new headquarters, built on the outskirts of Strasbourg and within walking distance of the Rhine. The all-white building, the "House of Europe," includes a magnificent Assembly seating more than 700 journalists and spectators besides the representatives.

It has over 100 rooms, providing offices for each national delegation and the Council's permanent staff.

CLEAR ANSWER

Many delegations have been briefed to seek a clear answer from Britain whether she is wholehearted in the pursuit of a United Europe.

Britain's hesitation over the Schuman Plan for pooling coal and steel output is likely to start the fiercest row expected in the coming months' debates.

It is almost certain that M. Robert Schuman, the French Foreign Minister and author of the plan, will go before the Assembly himself in an individual capacity to drive home his aims.

The British representatives, led by Mr. Hugh Dutton, a member of the Labour Government, will be on the defensive.

During the past week of "behind the scenes" preparations for tomorrow's opening, it was understood, Continental newspapers have been strengthening their attacks on the Council of Europe.

The big question tonight was what lead on European unity Mr. Winston Churchill would give the Assembly this year.

Britain's Conservative Party leader arrived by air today, but leaders close to him were not sure whether he would be able to remain in Strasbourg to take part in the debate on the Schuman Plan.

Vigorous French orators are expected to cross swords with the British Labour representatives over the plan.

Allied with the French will be the representatives of the West German Federal Republic.—Reuter.

Opening Of New Phase In Co-operation

New York, Aug. 6.

A Herald-Tribune editorial said today that the "transformation of Western Europe from a group of nations concentrating on recovery to international partnership concentrating on mutual assistance" to Russian aggression is under way.

Reviewing developments during the past fortnight, the Tribune said: "Britain's response has been prompt, detailed and magnificent. It heralds the opening of a new phase of co-operation to achieve economic and military strength to advance the aims of liberal democracy in a divided world."

The editorial said: "France replied with similar determination and with special emphasis on the importance of co-ordinated effort among all participating in the North Atlantic group."

It concluded: "The Marshall Plan has laid the basis for Western rehabilitation. Continued and supplemented by special aid for military purposes, it can mean that Europe's power will be able to meet its challenges."—United Press.

Minister Returns To Belgrade

London, Aug. 6. Mr. Branko Blinick, Minister in the Yugoslav Embassy in London, today left London for Belgrade for a short visit.—Reuter.

Nahas Pasha

Aix-les-Bains, Aug. 6. The Egyptian Prime Minister, Nahas Pasha, arrived here for a three-week stay tonight.—Reuter.

Strasbourg, Aug. 6. The Foreign Ministers of the Council of Europe, sitting here during the past four days as its Committee of Ministers or "Upper House" have failed to give a constructive lead to the Consultative Assembly, whose second annual session opens here tomorrow.

That is the verdict of the majority of permanent officials of the Council and of Assembly representatives who met the Ministers' spokesmen in the Joint Committee yesterday evening.

Although the Committee of Ministers agreed to send a message of encouragement to the Assembly, there is an undeniable feeling here that the Ministers—who alone have the authority to take executive action in the name of the Council of Europe—have done virtually nothing to direct the Assembly along positive lines.

This feeling is strengthened by two other arguments which are widely current in Strasbourg on the eve of the Assembly meeting. These arguments are:

GRAVE DANGER

1. That unless the Assembly succeeds during the coming session in initiating some action important enough to catch the imagination of the man-in-the-street, it will be in grave danger of losing the interest and confidence of the people of Europe. M. Robert Schuman, French Foreign Minister, is known to have voiced this view in London last May.

2. That recent events in Korea and the deterioration of relations between the Great Powers have made it more than ever imperative for Europe to demonstrate itself capable of action of purpose and common measures up to the gravity of the world situation today.

What exactly the Assembly expected from the Committee of Ministers in the way of a lead is harder to define with any certainty.

But as its President, M. Paul-Henri Spak, is understood to have told the representatives of the Ministers in the Joint Committee yesterday, a more positive endorsement of various resolutions submitted to them by the Assembly would have been necessary to create the impression that the Ministers were really associating themselves actively with the task of developing the authority and stature of the Council of Europe as a whole.

LUKEWARM ATTITUDE

M. Spak is expected to repeat some of the criticisms he offered yesterday of the attitude of the Ministers unless they take an eleven-hour decision to endorse some of the recommendations "to which they have stated they agree in principle but which they have referred tentatively back for further consideration in Committee."

The departure of Mr. Ernest Bevin, British Foreign Minister, on the eve of the opening of the Assembly, must be truthfully recorded, will be interpreted by not a few officials and members of the Council of Europe as symbolic of the apparently lukewarm attitude of the governments of some of the member states to the whole work of the Council.

In the absence of any strong lead from governments through their Foreign Ministers, observers feel that the main interest of the Assembly's second session now lies in the chance of its debate on the Schuman Plan providing a new positive step towards a closer economic union of Europe through the merger of its key industries.

The Permanent Committee of the Assembly, which meets here tomorrow morning, is expected to make a formal request to the Committee of Ministers for permission for M. Schuman himself to take part in the debate on the Schuman Plan.—Reuter.

CHURCHILL'S SUPPORT

Strasbourg, Aug. 6. Mr. Winston Churchill today pledged wholehearted support to the 15 nations trying to weld a United States of Europe against Communist aggression.

The wartime British Prime Minister and pioneer of European unity arrived here by air to attend the second annual meeting of the European Assembly. Jauntily waving a cigar, he said: "I am glad to be here. I have come to help all I can."

Simultaneously, the British Foreign Secretary, Mr. Ernest Bevin, left by car for London, and ill health was given as the reason for his premature departure.

The lower House of Assembly will begin its second annual session on Monday, determined to throw its full weight behind efforts to build a strong, democratic front against Communism. The Assembly is expected to give priority to new problems raised by the war in Korea, even though the Council's Charter forbids debate on defence.

The Assembly is expected to bet swiftly on the recommendation of the Council of Foreign Ministers that it condemn North Korean aggression and affirm its support of the United Nations forces under General MacArthur. Representatives in the Assembly were reported to be in almost unanimous agreement with the Foreign Ministers' forthright denunciation of Communist aggression, but a big majority was reported to be in open rebellion against the Foreign Ministers' refusal to grant the Assembly more power. The Assembly wants a change in the Charter rule that gives any single Minister the veto power to block action on Assembly recommendations. The Ministers have flatly refused to agree to a change.—United Press.

VETO POWER

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17 Hankow Road, Kowloon.

(By Popular Request!)

August — 7th

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FOR WHOM THE BELL TOLLS

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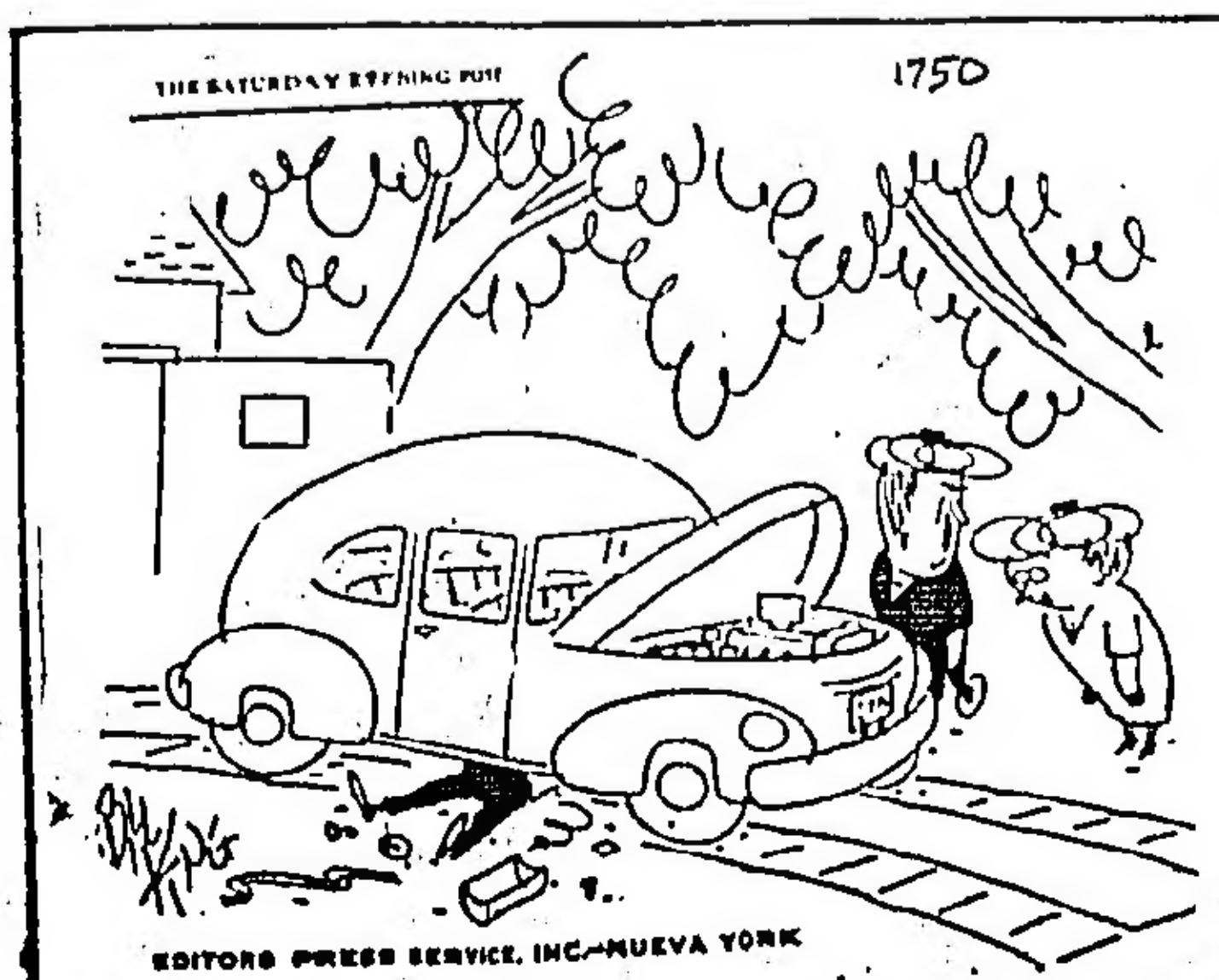
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"It's very economical on gas. It never runs."

FOR YOUR SPARE MOMENTS

JACOBY
ON BRIDGEFast Play of Trump
Brings About Defeat

By OSWALD JACOBY

"PLEASE" entice the bidding of this hand," says a San Francisco reader. "South should have made the contract, although he doesn't see exactly how."

"North thinks that his bid of three spades was correct. He also thinks that South should have made the contract, although he doesn't see exactly how."

"In the play, West opened the seven of hearts, dummy played low, and East won with the jack. East returned a club, and South then drew three rounds of trumps and knocked out the ace of diamonds."

"At this point West led another heart, allowing East to take the queen. East then laid down the ace of hearts, and South was in trouble. If he ruffed with his last trump, he would have to lead to dummy and would never be able to get out of dummy. Dummy would eventually lose two club tricks, and declarer would therefore be set two tricks. If South failed to ruff the ace of hearts he

would be set automatically, since the defence had already taken three tricks.

"Should North and South have bid four spades? If so, how should South have played?"

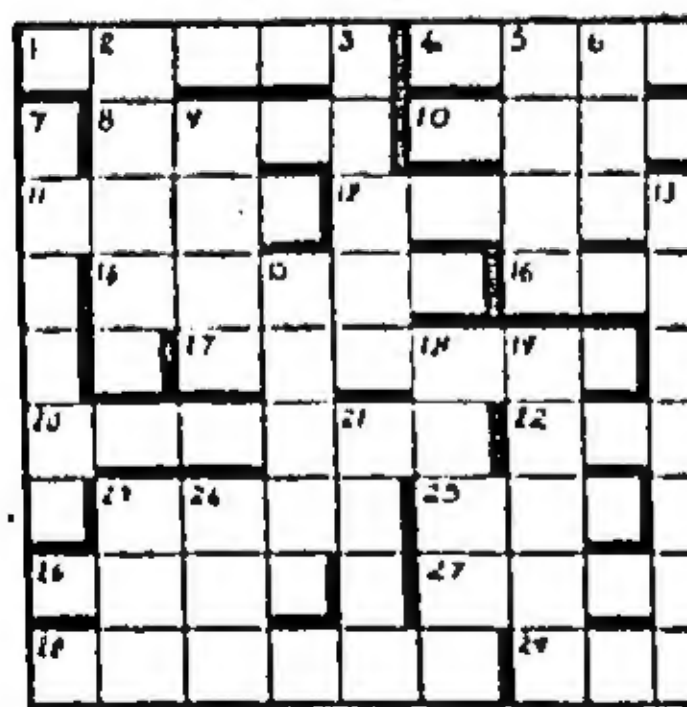
The bidding was quite sound. It would have been a sad mistake for North to bid two no-trump, as this would encourage a final contract of three no-trump, for which there is no play at all.

South should have made his contract of four spades without much trouble. The vital point was not to draw trumps so quickly.

After winning the second trick with the king of clubs, declarer should have taken only two rounds of trumps, with the king and the ace. Then he should have switched to diamonds, leaving the last trump out.

West would take the ace of diamonds, and return a heart. However, South could ruff the third round of hearts, take dummy's remaining high diamond, and get back to his hand with the trump he had so carefully saved. He would then be in position to win the jack and ten of diamonds, discarding the losing clubs from dummy.

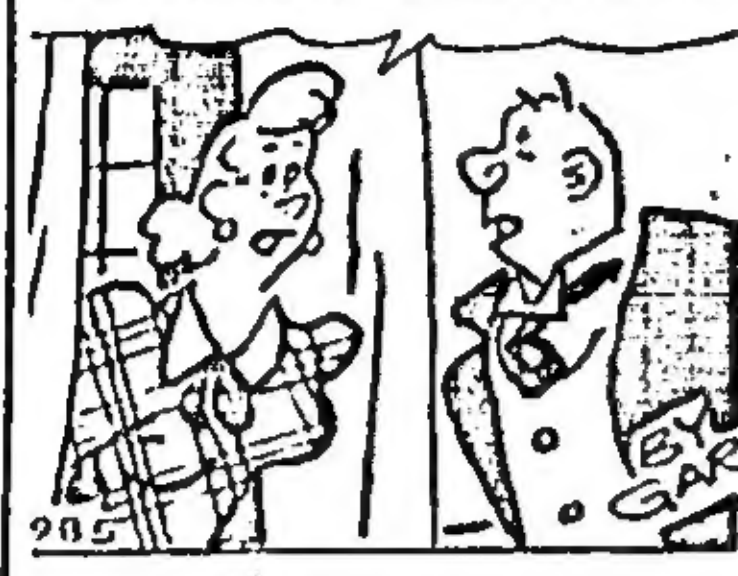
CROSSWORD



- Across
- No father or mother is without it. (6)
 - The father who takes thought for a child. (6)
 - What should suit those who like their port hot? (4)
 - For the great Dravell. (4)
 - Abrupt. (4)
 - Tarant. (4)
 - Take this for shelter. (5)
 - She is the greater part of one. (4)
 - Brought out by rat. (6)
 - In a very little time you may need one for support. (6)
 - Material you may get for return. (4)
 - Upset the act of returned drink. (4)
 - The last from dragon. (4)
 - Hide out. (4)
 - At last! (4)
 - Now you have them all. (3)
- Down
- Impertinent glances with fellow. (4)
 - Were to great demand in July. (4)
 - European capital is allotted to war before this. (4)
 - One way to tax people. (5)
 - Let go with a prod. (4)
 - Maybe where peas rot. (4)
 - Musical instrument. (5)
 - Here a copper updates the deal. (4)
 - Attempt. (4)
 - For this you would get a fine cotton fabric. (4)
 - Arch. (4)
 - You may get this through a string, but not brooding. (8)

DUMB-BELLS

IM SO WORRIED SINCE THEY STARTED THIS ARTIFICIAL RAINMAKING OUR WHOLE GARDEN MAY TURN OUT TO BE NOTHING BUT ARTIFICIAL FLOWERS



YOUR BIRTHDAY

By STELLA

MONDAY, AUGUST 7

If you are born today, you have a rather complex personality. While you appear lively, gay and nonchalant, you have an inner life which very few are allowed to share. Your psychic powers are above the average and you should always pay heed to your intuitions. You have excellent judgment and should not be persuaded against it.

Fond of outdoor life, you are not one to be completely happy with urban living. If you must work in a crowded city, make sure that you get your vacations and as many week-ends as possible in the country.

Your ideals, enthusiasm and ambition are high. You are, in youth, especially prone to day-dreaming. But as you get older, you learn to turn your hopes

and aspirations in practical reality. Inventive and original in your ideas, you may not follow any regular pattern. But in the end, you will get what you want out of life.

Your charm and personal magnetism will make many friends. Make sure that a high temper and a quick tongue does not make you many enemies. Loving and affectionate, you are a family of your own. An early marriage can bring extreme contentment.

To find what the stars have in store for tomorrow, select your birthday star and read the corresponding paragraph. Let your birthday star be your daily guide.

TUESDAY, AUGUST 8

LEO (July 24-Aug. 23)—Morning is the best for all important matters. Use the afternoon for detail work. Bargain to your advantage.

VIRGO (Aug. 24-Sept. 22)—A good opportunity comes to you this morning. Clinch the bargain when afternoon comes. Anticipate progress.

LIBRA (Sept. 23-Oct. 23)—Be optimistic and use the morning hours for important matters. Use your initiative; be practical.

SCORPIO (Oct. 24-Nov. 22)—Catch up on important matters early and then stick to conservative routine when afternoon comes.

SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 23-Dec. 21)—The early bird gets the best results. Exert caution this afternoon as conditions are doubtful.

CAPRICORN (Dec. 22-Jan. 20)—Both business and personal matters can be successfully negotiated this morning. Be careful after lunch.

AQUARIUS (Jan. 21-Feb. 19)—Save important things for morning and evening. Rest, relax and stick to routine during the afternoon.

PISCES (Feb. 20-Mar. 21)—Guard your health. Conditions may be somewhat confused; use your best judgment.

ARIES (Mar. 22-Apr. 20)—Combine social and intellectual pursuits this morning and evening. Be on guard during the afternoon.

AROUND THE WORLD

The Island of Martinique

By TEMPLE MANNING

A WHOLE new crop of tourists is meeting up with the delightful islands of the West Indies, and from what we hear, the pleasure is mutual. Passengers aboard certain steamship runs and on air cruises are finding it hard to pick their favourites from some of the lesser-known Caribbean gems.

One place that is gaining steadily in favour and patronage is Martinique, which prides



Native quarter, St. Pierre, Martinique.

with its narrow streets and houses with overhanging balconies, its squares and beautiful trees and flowers.

In the square, looking toward Trois Ilets, shaded by palms is a beautiful marble statue of Josephine Beauharnais, who started life in Trois Ilets and proceeded to become the bride of an emperor, Napoleon Bonaparte. More than one Napoleon fan has made a journey from afar to visit the birthplace of the fascinating Josephine, a trip well worth taking in any case.

For the climate and tropical growth of Martinique, plus its French flavour and atmosphere add up to a unique and delightful place in which to live. We wish, though, that there were some really good hotels in Martinique, as good, say, as some of the really excellent little restaurants.

One of the favourite excursions on the island is to St. Pierre. An excellent highway runs up this side of the terrible volcanic disaster in 1902 when the volcano Mt. Pelée went on a rampage. The eruption wiped out the whole town of some 45,000 souls. The ruins of St. Pierre are really interesting and there is a museum, somewhat on the order of that at Pompeii.

A Fine Sample

The road to St. Pierre gives one a fine sample of Martinique with its tropical vegetation and varying vistas. Lamontagne Valley as sugarcane plantations watered by mountain streams.

In the final analysis, it is the people that really make the place so attractive. The native women wear beautiful rainbow-coloured headresses of madras for Sunday churches. The older women sometimes wear heavy black dresses right with gold jewelry, topped by a madras turban. But, unfortunately, the younger generation is going in for little cotton dresses.

BY THE WAY

by Beachcomber

THE last of the day had been thrown out to lighten the rocket, but still that perverse gadget continued to lose height. The night was dark. By the sage's reckoning they were somewhere over the West of England. He and Professor Ranger were discussing ways and means, and not many of either, when there was a crash and a jolt. By a slithering of tiles Strabismus judged that they had come to rest on a roof. He was more sure of this when a chimney toppled sideways and fell into a yard. The scientists sat where they were for a moment, to take stock of the situation. The din had a wakeful night-watchman Ernest Fafange, guardian of one of those secret places where our new weapons of destruction are being prepared. What puzzled Fafange was how anybody could have got through the quadruple lines of twelve-foot-high barbed wire. Rubbing his eyes, he staggered into the yard, where he fell over the wreckage of the chimney. And there, straddling the roof of the largest laboratory was what he at first took to be a helicopter. Fafange dashed to the telephone, and in two minutes the fire brigade and the police were on the way.

Tail-piece

THE headline "Ban Slays" seemed to me to be an exaggeration by the Anti-Corruption League, until I read on and discovered that the ban on something or other was to remain in force.

A sentimental leakage

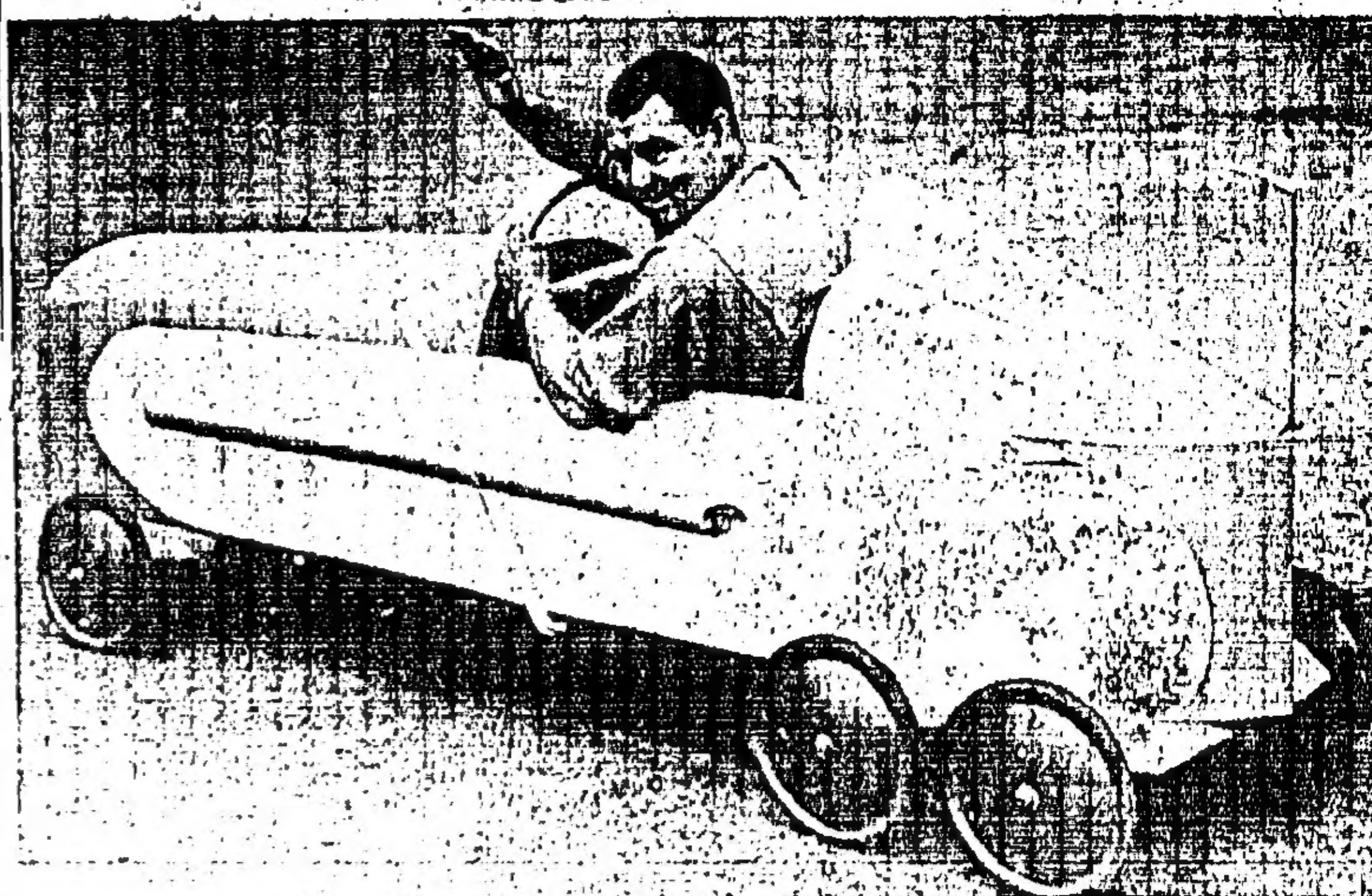
AN official reply was issued last night in a leading article in the *Flower*, which had asked "How Much the Exhilarated Dingo-Poo?" The reply says: "Any information by Colonel Egham to Dingo-Poo has been of a personal rather than a national nature. If any secrets have leaked out they are such secrets as lurk in the hearts of lovers." Colonel Egham said: "I have told her all that is in my heart, and that does not mean formulae for bacteriological warfare; a subject which, I am pleased to say, makes no appeal to her essential femininity."

The American way of film-life

I NOTE that Hollywood is to make a film about Dunkirk. Already I can see General E. Flynn leading in person the American cavalry charge (which saved Yverdon) across the dunes against the German Blocking Force, while Admiral Tyrone Power organizes the fleet of little ships which sailed across the Atlantic and evacuated the hard-pressed American infantry.

(London Express Service)

Dempsey Takes Up Challenge



Former world heavyweight champion Jack Dempsey seated in his soap-box car at Detroit, Michigan. He has accepted the challenge of Wilbur Shaw—three times winner of the Indianapolis speedway classic—and James Stewart, the actor, and will race the two in this car at the regular All-American Soap-box Derby on August 13 at Akron, Ohio. (London Express Service).

FOR THE BUSINESSMAN

47 Countries Represented At Chicago Fair

Chicago, Aug. 6.

Forty-seven countries will have exhibits at the United States' first international trade fair, which opens here tomorrow with the development of dollar earning opportunities as one of its main objects.

Under the motto "World Trade, World Prosperity, World Peace," the fair aims at promoting a two-way world trade; enhancing the opportunities for other countries to earn dollars; reducing world dependency on American aid; maintaining United States exports at a high level and introducing new foreign products into the United States.

The fair will bring together products of 1,500 companies. More than 200,000 visitors are expected during the three weeks' run. Consumer goods will account for 60 percent of the total space.

Support given to the organization has already provided such assurance of success that the Fair Board has arranged to hold the second United States international trade exhibition here next year, from September 10 to 20.

Products to be displayed tomorrow range from clothing to agricultural equipment and from toys to surgical instruments. Consumer goods include such items as hardware, luggage and sewing machines. Other exhibits are fine fabrics, wines, motor cars and prefabricated houses.

In the heavy goods section, chemicals and diesel engines will be shown with machine tools, mining equipment and ship supplies—Reuter.

Check Your Knowledge

- Name the valley in Germany which is famous for its wines.
- Name Benjamin Franklin's occupations.
- Name the island on which the Statue of Liberty is located.
- In what countries did the following cheeses originate: Cheddar and Edam.
- Name the author of "Bluebeard."
- What does *ceru* mean? (Answers on Page 8)

INTELLIGENCE TEST

WORLD'S END

By T. O. HARE

"WE follow, with much interest, your football master at World's End Academy. Our own results may appear to you. Our four houses, which compete one against another at soccer, are called Europe, Asia, America and Africa. (It helps to give us a sense of space, if you follow me.) Our inter-house contest is run on the usual lines: each house plays each of the others once; a win scores two points and a draw one point; positions are, if necessary, determined by goal average. This year each house scored the same number of points; their final positions were: (1) Asia; (2) America; (3) Europe; (4) Africa. In no case was the aggregate goal average against, while the total number of goals scored in the whole contest was the smallest possible consistent with the facts I've given you." This is certainly something new.

What was the result of the game between America and Africa?

(Solution on Page 8)

CHICAGO GRAIN

Chicago, August 6.—The grain market firmed up in early dealings today, but had a hard time in holding the gains following a sharp break in soy beans. Soy beans prices were down more than seven cents from the top.

Grains rallied after a moderate dip at the opening, but turned weak again in sympathy with the reaction in soy beans.

An early advance featured the buying of corn, followed by export sales to Holland. The country was reported to have bought 300,000 bushels for shipment from Montreal. Wheat ran into selling on fears that the Commodity Credit Corporation may sell wheat at Gulf positions, since grains have accumulated there to an extent requiring embargoes.

Prices closed today as follows:—

WHEAT	COIN	WHEAT
Spot	155 1/2	1142-17
September	155 1/2	124 1/2
December	155 1/2	125 1/2
March (1951)	155 1/2	126 1/2
May	155 1/2	127 1/2
COIN		
Spot	155 1/2	
September	155 1/2	125 1/2-131
December	155 1/2	126 1/2-131
March (1951)	155 1/2	127 1/2-131
May	155 1/2	128 1/2-131
COIN		
Spot	155 1/2	141
September	155 1/2	142
December	155 1/2	143
March (1951)	155 1/2	144
May	155 1/2	145
COIN		
Spot	155 1/2	141
September	155 1/2	142
December	155 1/2	143
March (1951)	155 1/2	144
May	155 1/2	145

OUTWARD MAILS

On Monday, August 7, the General Post Office and Kowloon Central Post Office will be open from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. The Hong Kong Post Office will be open from 8 a.m. to 10 a.m. There will be one collection of ordinary and registered correspondence at 10 a.m. and one collection only from the pillar box office.

The Money Order Office, Postal Restrooms and Wireless Licensing Office will be closed today.

Unregistered letters and printed matter for China, Malaya and India can be accepted at senders' risk and will be forwarded as opportunity offers. Unless otherwise stated, registered articles by air or sea are sent by air. One hour earlier than the ordinary mail. If mails close before 5 p.m., a special train will be sent. The previous day, mails are closed at Kowloon Central Post Office one hour earlier than the O.P.O. closing times.

MONDAY, AUGUST 7
Closing Times by Air
U.S.A. & Canada, Noon.
Japan, 3 p.m.
Straits, Ceylon, India, 3 p.m.
Siam, Mauritius & Johannesburg, 3 p.m.
Suez, 3 p.m.
Djibouti, 3 p.m.
Auckland, Noon.
Bangkok & Colombo, Noon.
Manila, Noon.
Closing Times by Sea
TUESDAY, AUGUST 8
Closing Times by Air
U.S.A. & Canada, Noon.
Japan, 3 p.m.
Straits, Ceylon, India, 3 p.m.
Siam, Mauritius & Johannesburg, 3 p.m.
Suez, 3 p.m.
Djibouti, 3 p.m.
Auckland, Noon.
Bangkok & Colombo, Noon.
Manila, Noon.
Closing Times by Sea
WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 9
Closing Times by Air
U.S.A. & Canada, Noon.
Japan, 3 p.m.
Straits, Ceylon, India, 3 p.m.
Siam, Mauritius & Johannesburg, 3 p.m.
Suez, 3 p.m.
Djibouti, 3 p.m.
Auckland, Noon.
Bangkok & Colombo, Noon.
Manila, Noon.
Closing Times by Sea
THURSDAY, AUGUST 10
Closing Times by Air
U.S.A. & Canada, Noon.
Japan, 3 p.m.
Straits, Ceylon, India, 3 p.m.
Siam, Mauritius & Johannesburg, 3 p.m.
Suez, 3 p.m.
Djibouti, 3 p.m.
Auckland, Noon.
Bangkok & Colombo, Noon.
Manila, Noon.
Closing Times by Sea
FRIDAY, AUGUST 11
Closing Times by Air
U.S.A. & Canada, Noon.
Japan, 3 p.m.
Straits, Ceylon, India, 3 p.m.
Siam, Mauritius & Johannesburg, 3 p.m.
Suez, 3 p.m.
Djibouti, 3 p.m.
Auckland, Noon.
Bangkok & Colombo, Noon.
Manila, Noon.
Closing Times by Sea
SATURDAY, AUGUST 12
Closing Times by Air
U.S.A. & Canada, Noon.
Japan, 3 p.m.
Straits, Ceylon, India, 3 p.m.
Siam, Mauritius & Johannesburg, 3 p.m.
Suez, 3 p.m.
Djibouti, 3 p.m.
Auckland, Noon.
Bangkok & Colombo, Noon.
Manila, Noon.
Closing Times by Sea
SUNDAY, AUGUST 13
Closing Times by Air
U.S.A. & Canada, Noon.
Japan, 3 p.m.
Straits, Ceylon, India, 3 p.m.
Siam, Mauritius & Johannesburg, 3 p.m.
Suez, 3 p.m.
Djibouti, 3 p.m.
Auckland, Noon.
Bangkok & Colombo, Noon.
Manila, Noon.
Closing Times by Sea

BOYS' AND GIRLS' MAGAZINE

Willy Toad's New Business

—His Store Sold Just About Everything—

By MAX TRELL

"I'VE just opened up a new store," Willy Toad said to Knarf and Hand when he met them in the shadow of Pine Tree Grove. "If there's anything you'd like to buy, no matter what it is, I have it!"

"It must be a pretty big store," said Knarf.

"Well, it's big enough," said Willy. "It's not a grocery store, or a hardware store, or a vegetable store, or a department store, or a shoe store, or a hat store, or a candy store—but there are all the things that you'd be able to get in any of them. Better come and see it, he invited."

Blackberry Bushes
So they went with Willy to see it. First they had to go



Willy's store was open for business.

through the Pine Tree Grove, then they had to cross the Muddy Patch, then they had to pick their way around the thistles and blackberry bushes. Finally they came to a shady clearing under two old willow trees at the edge of the pond. "Here it is, my friends!" said Willy, pointing to a sign which stood: Eep Of. The sign was stuck in the ground.

Knarf and Hand looked at the sign with a good deal of surprise. They read the words: Eep Of. Several times but couldn't seem to make much sense out of them. On the other hand, the two words looked quite familiar.

What was even more puzzling was the fact that they didn't see anything around the sign that looked at all like a store. "Where is it, Willy?" Hand finally asked.

"Where is what, my dear?"

"The store, Willy. Where's your store?"

"Right here," said Willy. "Don't you see it?"

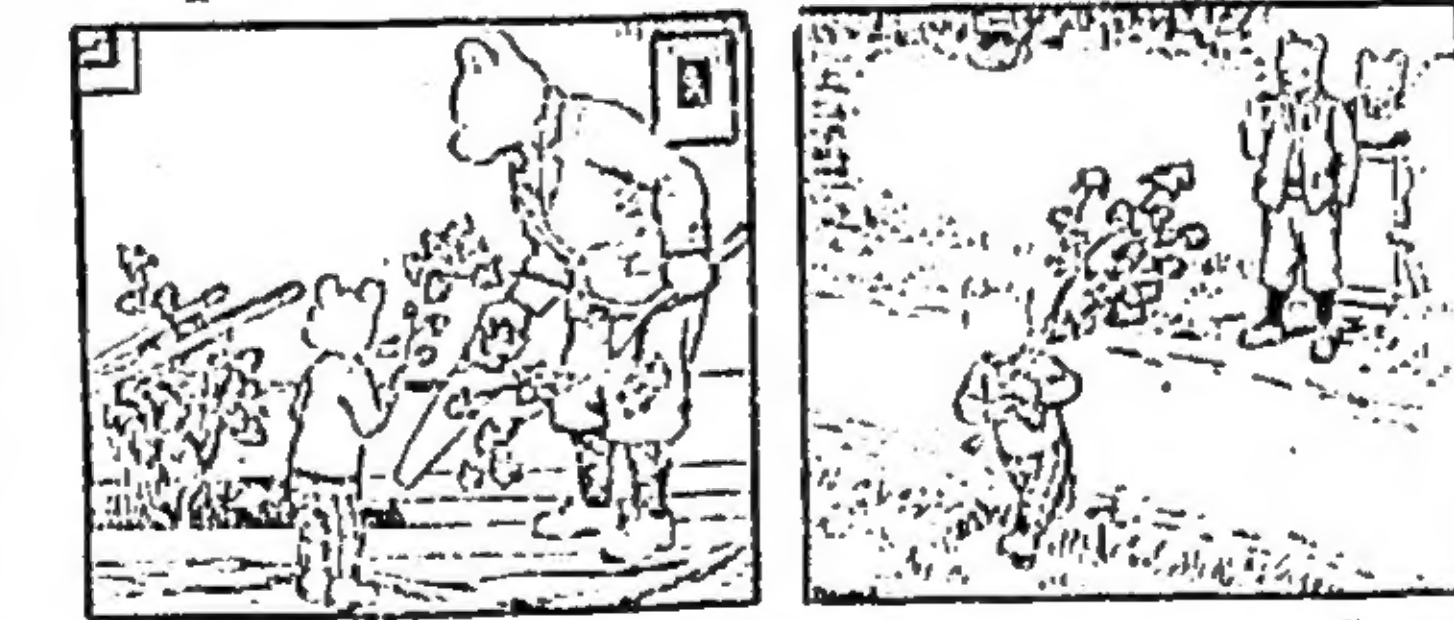
Knarf and Hand peered around again. Then they said they didn't see it.

"It looks like just an open place—just like a big patch of grass under two willow trees," said Knarf.

"And what's that sign mean?" asked Hand.

Willy explained about the sign first. "I found that sign in the park. I guess it once read 'Keep Off' instead of 'Eep Of'. But Eep Of is much better. It's the name of my store. It means I have eep of different things to

Rupert and the Back-room Boy—1:



In his anxiety, the world plan does further damage to his house. Mr. Bear runs for the saw and cuts off branch after branch. That seems to discourage the plan and it grows no more, so that the floor boards can be put back in place. "These leaves ALL RIGHTS"

Now I'll tell you what to do. Just walk into town and the first ice cream place you come to, go in and tell them that Willy Toad sent you. Give them the right amount of money and they'll give you all the ice cream you want. You can get the orange the same way, by going into the first fruit-and-vegetable place you see. Just tell them I sent you. And if you give them the right amount of money, they'll be glad to give you an orange. All these stores, as I said before, belong to me. They're all inside my store. Yes indeed, I've got heaps, I mean eeps of everything."

Knarf and Hand didn't think much of Willy's big store. They didn't think the other stores in town would think much of it either. They didn't buy anything.

Plate of Ice Cream

Knarf said he would like a plate of ice cream. Hand said she would like a big orange. "Fine!" said Willy. "Ice cream and an orange, fine, fine."

SO THE MCC HAD TO PICK FINALLY ON THE OBVIOUS CHOICE!

BY PETER DITTON

So the MCC had to rely on Freddie Brown after all. Silly, isn't it? He has been the only obvious choice right throughout the season and yet the offer to captain the team to Australia is only made to him six weeks before they are due to sail.

The MCC may feel that they have done a satisfactory job in once again providing England with an amateur captain, and, as far as the selection of Brown goes, I am inclined to agree with them. I feel, however, that Wooller of Glamorgan, had he been available, would have been an even better choice.

Why did Brown have to be kept in suspense for so long? It was already known that he had made tentative arrangements to tour South Africa with a Northants works side that includes many of the county players. Why wasn't he told that he would be required in Australia?

The MCC thought sufficient of him to bring him back as captain of England for the last Test matches against New Zealand last year and even if he was unable to lead the side to victory, that was a task that F. G. Mann had also been unable to achieve in the previous two games.

DID NOT BOTHER

Then, just because Norman Yardley came back on to the scene and the MCC apparently do not bother to find out in the first place if he is available for the Australian tour, Brown is dropped like the proverbial hot coin.

Don't get me wrong. I like Norman Yardley and have a great respect for his ability. But English cricket has in such a fine flowering state that we can afford to keep chopping and changing our captain with the regularity that women nowadays appear to be changing their hair styles.

Yardley would have been an excellent choice for the captaincy of England this season had he been available for Australia. He has a sound temperament for Test cricket and is considerably greater both with bat and ball. Also he has the great advantage of being younger than Brown.

But, oh, the folly of it that he should have been chosen for the first three Tests against the West Indies and then have the captaincy taken away from him when England are 2-1 down in the series.

THE POSITION NOW

The position now is that if England win the last Test against the West Indies and then have the captaincy taken away from him when England are 2-1 down in the series, Yardley would have been an excellent choice for the captaincy of England this season had he been available for Australia. He has a sound temperament for Test cricket and is considerably greater both with bat and ball. Also he has the great advantage of being younger than Brown.

And why, too, was Doug Insole's future career sacrificed on one game? Better by far that he should have been given another year or two in first class cricket and then given his opportunity against perhaps the best of his kind.

SWIMMING

AMERICANS BEAT JAPAN 46-17

Tokyo, Aug. 6. Outscoring Japan for the third consecutive night, the United States scored a surprising and smashing 46 to 17 points, victory tonight in the first dual swimming meet held in Japan since 1935.

It was the first United States victory over Japan in the three dual competitions dating back to 1931.

The 800-metre relay was the evening's most thrilling race which the Japanese had been favoured to win.

Yoshihiro Hamaguchi was a half stroke ahead of Ronald Gora at the end of the first 200 metres, but Wayne Moore spurred during his 200 metres and finished his lap two strokes ahead of Shiryuki Maruyama. Ford Konno swam a good race and edged ahead of Azuma to give a good three yards lead to anchorman Jim McLane. Furuhashi spurred from the start but McLane led the overflying crowd of 15,000 fans into a frenzy by hurrying the lead over the great Furuhashi to win by five yards.

MARSHALL THIRD

John Marshall, who weakened on Friday night in the 1,500 metres and on Saturday night in the 400 metres because of a too fast pace at the start, swam a better race tonight in the 800-metre free style.

He elected to let Yasuo Tanaka of Japan take an early lead and was in second place for 400 metres with Furuhashi in third place. Furuhashi put on more speed and was the first to turn at the 500-metre mark in 6 mins. 4 secs. as compared to 6 mins. 4.8 secs. when he set the existing recognised world mark. At the 600-metre mark Mar-

South Africans or the New Zealanders, both of whom appear to be less strong than the West Indies.

Insole's chances of going to Australia apparently rested on his performance at Trent Bridge. If he had made a hundred runs he would probably have been in the Australian tour team. While I have been one of those who have advocated giving him a chance, I certainly had not visualised his debut being made anything like so testing.

However, the storm has now passed and presumably England are destined to have amateur captains for many years to come. The old order changed and all that remains to be said is that this team will have the best wishes of all in this country when they set sail for the exceptionally difficult job of trying to beat the Aussies on their own soil.

(London Express Service)

TOUR DE FRANCE

Jean Robic Feels Prima Donnah

Lyons, Aug. 6. Before the start of the 21st stage in the Tour de France cycle race today, Jacques Gobbet, Director of the event, had to intervene to persuade Jean Robic (French South-West team) to start.

Robic was protesting against a five-minute penalty imposed on him and Anatole Brule (le de France) for riding in the way of Raymond Impans (Belgium) during yesterday's time trial stage.

After some argument Robic started to get out, and 51 riders started on the 200-mile journey from here to Dijon. From Dijon the cyclists will tomorrow set out on the final stage to Paris, where they started the Tour on August 13.

Gino Solardi, of the French team, won today's stage in 5 hrs. 42 mins. 38 secs. Emile Daffert (France) was second in the same time.

"SORRY ABOUT THIS!"



Clyde Walcott, the West Indian wicketkeeper, looks almost apologetic as he whips off the last ball of the day in the Third Test Match between England and the West Indies at Trent Bridge. Insole had not scored.—Central Press Photo.

Strongest Yet England XI For The Fourth Test

London, Aug. 6. England's team for the fourth and final Test match against the West Indies, beginning at Kennington Oval on Saturday, will be chosen from the following 12 players:

E. R. Brown (Northamptonshire), captain; Trevor Bailey (Essex), Reginald Simpson (Notts), John Dewes (Middlesex), Len Hutton (Yorkshire), Denis Compton (Middlesex), Cyril Washbrook (Lancashire), Gilbert Parkhouse (Glamorgan), Alec Redser (Surrey), Geoffrey Evans (Kent), Douglas Wright (Kent), and Malcolm Hilton (Lancashire).

Although the final 11 will not be decided until just before the start of the match, Mr. R. E. S. Wyatt, the Chairman of the Selectors, indicated that the man to be omitted would almost certainly be a batsman.

ONLY NEWCOMER

Hilton, who was 22 years old last Wednesday, is the only newcomer to Test honours. He has taken 114 wickets this season at just over 15 runs each and has played a large part in putting Lancashire at the top of the Championship table.

Two seasons ago Hilton, then 19, dismissed Sir Donald Bradman for 11 runs when playing in the third match of his career for Lancashire.

On paper the side is by far the best that England has called upon this season. The Selectors, for the first time, had no injury or illness problems to worry them.

The attack has possibilities and is well balanced, with two pace bowlers in Bailey and Redser, two left-armers in Wright and Brown, and a left-hander in Hilton.

Hilton, an unorthodox slow bowler when he first began his career, now bowls a little faster than is usual for a bowler of his type.

In naming Washbrook, who recently turned down the trip to Australia, the Selectors have obviously decided that their task was to choose the best possible side.—Reuter.

Alex Jany Beaten By Newcomer

Paris, Aug. 6. The defeat of the holder, Alex Jany, by a young member of his own club, the Toulouse Olympique Etudiants Club, in the 400-metre free-style was the surprise of today's French Swimming Championships programme at the Tourville Olympic Pool here.

Jany, 24, was beaten by Jean Poiteux, aged 17, beat Jany by 4 secs. in winning the event in 4 mins. 40 secs.

The other winners were:

Men's 100-metres free-style: Alex Jany—58.7 secs.

Men's 200-metres breast-stroke: Maurice Lucien—2 mins. 44 secs.

Men's 100-metres back-stroke: Raymond Zins—1 min. 10.3 secs.

Women's 100-metres free-style: Josette Delor—1 min. 10.5 secs.

Women's 100-metres back-stroke: Monique Berlioux—1 min. 20.8 secs.

Women's 200-metres breast-stroke: Odette Casteur—3 mins. 7.3 secs.—Reuter.

FRED PERRY WINS TITLES

Scarbrough, Aug. 5. The former Wimbledon Champion and British Davis Cup player, Fred Perry, who is now an American, regained the Siasenzer professional lawn tennis singles title which he won in 1948, when he beat the Egyptian professional, Salem Khadad, in the final before a large crowd here today. Perry won the match in an hour and 22 minutes by 6-3, 2-6, 6-3 and 6-3.

In the doubles final Perry and F. H. D. Wilde, of Britain, beat J. B. Faunce, of the United States, and Mohamed Ali, of Egypt, by 7-5, 6-3, 4-6, 5-7 and 7-5.—Reuter.

DECATHLON—

Berne, Aug. 6. Bob Mathias, of the United States, who is the Olympic Decathlon Champion, today won the Swiss title with 7,312 points.—Reuter.

—And Pentathlon

Paris, Aug. 6. Mlle Micheline Ostermeyer, the winner of the shot put at the French Women's Pentathlon Championship at Louveciennes, near here.

She scored 4,020 points, 512 more than in her previous best pentathlon performance.—Reuter.

Kowloon Bowling Green Club Celebrates Golden Jubilee

Another milestone in the history of the mainland was reached yesterday when the Kowloon Bowling Green Club celebrated its Golden Jubilee. The function was attended by a large and distinguished gathering and in commemoration of the occasion the Officer Administering the Government, His Excellency Mr. J. F. Nicoll, CMG, planted a Jubilee tree in the afternoon.

In the course of his speech, the President, Mr. F. C. Clemo, reviewed the activities of the KBGC since its inception.

"This Club has a fine tradition and may it long continue to further the game which Drake enjoyed," declared His Excellency after he had planted the tree. The OAG was presented with a silver trowel, suitably inscribed, as a memento of the occasion.

The Club premises and the grounds were fully bedecked with flags and after dark over 5,000 coloured lights transformed the scene into a veritable fairyland. A very successful dance at night rounded off a gala day.

During the afternoon the Band of the King's Shropshire Light Infantry played appropriate selections.

All three greens were fully occupied with a lawn bowls match in which two representatives from each of the teams in the three League Divisions participated. Souvenir spoons were presented at the conclusion of the tree planting ceremony.

In the morning, prior to lunch, the President placed a wreath at the base of the War Memorial plaque after which Mr. W. Russell, the oldest resident member, unveiled the Founders' plaque.

Next followed the unveiling by the President of a bronze plaque on the Coronation tree and a board giving the list of Presidents and the Club Champions after which Mr. Clemo proposed the toast to the Kowloon Bowling Green Club.

During tea time, Mr. J. G. Meyer read out the cables of congratulations received from Mr. and Mrs. B. Wylie, Mr. Bob Hall, Mr. Sidney Strange, Wansley Bowling Club and others.

PRESIDENT'S SPEECH

Prior to the Jubilee tree-planting ceremony, the President, addressing the gathering said, in part:

The Club is indeed gratified to have the company of your Excellency this afternoon, and we appreciate the honour you have bestowed on us.

It is indeed an honour and a privilege to address such a large and distinguished gathering in celebration of our Club's fiftieth year of existence.

I do not propose to bore you with a long speech, but I think the occasion calls for a resume of the Club's activities since its inception.

The idea of forming a club came as the result of a game of bowls which was arranged at a dinner party at Mr. Archie Ritchie's house and which was played on the lawn or tennis court in front of Knutsford Terrace. This morning our oldest resident member, Willie Russell did honour to the occasion by unveiling a bronze plate giving their names. You will be pleased to hear that Mr. Ritchie and his wife are still alive and that the former, at the age of 82, still enjoys his game of golf. We regret however, that his nephew of the same name, in on doctor's orders, unable to be with us today, as he had intended.

An old saying which, as far as I can trace, is attributed to Solomon, is to the effect that, "where there is no vision, the people perish". This is true in the case of the Kowloon Bowling Green Club, for it was vision which resulted in these gentlemen founding a club which was formally inaugurated on Saturday, August 4, 1900.

FIRST COMMITTEE

Of interest, too, is the fact that the first annual meeting was held actually on the green. It was largely attended, and the first members to hold office in the Club were none other than—Mr. W. Ramsay, President; Mr. W. C. Jack, Vice-President; Mr. J. Macdonald, Hon. Secretary; Mr. J. Willie, Hon. Treasurer; Committee: Messrs. A. Ewing, J. M. Henderson, M. J. Munford, A. Ritchie, T. Skinner and E. C. Wilkes.

On Saturday, August 31, 1901, a new green was available for play and was declared open by H.E. the Governor, Sir Henry Blithe. It is recorded that the function was held in brilliant sunshine and that Mr. W. Ramsay, the President, in the speech, mentioned the fact that the Club had over one hundred members, and it has now more than doubled that number. We had to move again after a few years and have been on this site since 1905. The present building was built in 1926 and extended in 1930, and in looking round the Club full credit must be given to the foresight of those members who conceived the idea, and to the Architect, Mr. Blackmore, who I am pleased to say is here with us today.

We have also here on this memorable occasion, three very old members whose combined membership totals over 140 years: I refer to Willie Russell, Lewy Guy and Davy Keith. I had hoped to give their combined ages but it is still a "top secret". Two of these gentlemen play regularly in our League Division and are a credit to the Club.

mean wood, although as a young bowler, I often wonder how Willie manages to get his woods on the jack when, on delivery, they appear to be "all eyes". In conversation with him the other day he informed me that he was not feeling his age—he felt more like 20! So much for the benefits derived from bowls!

THE BIG FOUR

A number of us present today will remember the Big Four comprising the first team to visit Shanghai. They were Mr. W. G. Gerrard, Mr. Charlie Bond, Mr. D. Harvey and Mr. W. Russell—all members of this Club. It is of interest to know that these four were considered

the Big Four for one reason only: their total weight was nearly 70 stones! However, their weight did not seem to upset the Shanghai Bowlers who won by 30 shots to 11.

Coming now to December 8, 1941, when war was declared, like everybody else we suffered the ravages of war and of looting. However, after the war it was under the able leadership of Mr. R. P. Phillips who we have now nicknamed "Uncle", that we managed to get together a number of members to re-constitute the Club from its pitiful state.

WAR MEMORIAL

We too, gave of our members in the war of 1941-1945. Our membership roll, fully yet proudly, displays the names of men who died to defend the rights of a freedom-loving Nation. The War Memorial is our homage to them and only from the lips of Ben Wylie could such a magnificent and touching address flow at the unveiling of the plaque. The flavour of his speech must still linger in the minds of the members who were present on that occasion. I am proud that the editor of our brochure has been able to preserve the speech in its entirety as I feel it should be carefully recorded in the annals of the Club.

It was in 1947 that Mr. Ezra Abraham, our very good friend and the President of the Kowloon Cricket Club, presented the Liberation Cup to be played between the two Clubs annually. The friendship which is so evident between all Clubs in the Colony is never stronger than at the Liberation Cup matches where the attitude is always, "May the best team win".

Similar sentiments must be expressed with regard to the Tana Ludianna so graciously presented for an annual game between this Club and our very good friends, the Club de Reverele.

Before concluding, I express our keen appreciation to Joe Meyer for the very fine brochure which he has produced. Its compilation was extremely difficult and tedious, as a good deal of data has been sifted from old newspapers and upon information supplied to him by past members who are in retirement. It was thus that he was able to piece together the history of our Club, and the result will give an indication of the life of the Club from 1900 up to date. The Jubilee Committee, of which he was convener, deserves great credit for the excellent arrangements they have made to celebrate our Golden Jubilee.

MR NICOLL'S SPEECH

Following the tree-planting ceremony His Excellency Mr. J. F. Nicoll said: I have great pleasure in accepting this very handsome silver trowel and of having this opportunity to congratulate the Kowloon Bowling Green Club on its Golden Jubilee.

I had a certain trepidation about coming here today wondering whether I would be expected to throw a wood with all the accuracy which might have been expected of some of my predecessors. There would be no likelihood of my having a trowel and I hardly wish to go down to posterity with Sir Henry Blithe of whom I see it is recorded that on making a formal visit to the Club he bowled two woods both of which went into the ditch.

I am told that some years before World War II the activities of the Governor's bowling team occupied two afternoons a week of the working time of almost the entire Secretariat, but since those days the tempo of life has changed and the Secretariat's afternoon have to be more studiously employed. These changes have fortunately made no difference to the Club, and it must be a source of satisfaction to you that within five years from the date when the clubhouse was desecrated and the grounds in a neglected condition the Club is thriving and is today able to celebrate its Jubilee in such favourable circumstances.

There is one aspect of the Kowloon Bowling Green Club which makes it stand out from amongst other sporting organisations in the Colony. The aspect I refer to is this: it is surely remarkable and a source of pride to all of you who are members of the Club that without the great publicity which attaches to our other national games, such as cricket and football, you have been able to introduce into this part of the world this ancient and singularly British game with so much success that you today engage in contests with members of other clubs and people, but for the existence of this Club, might never have known any more about bowls than as some "inland" and outlandish game played by some English idlers. As a young man I was once asked, "what was the best bowler?" and I replied, "the best bowler was the one who was the best bowler."

Arthur Peall says: ONE CARELESS STROKE LEADS TO ANOTHER

ONE bad billiards stroke leads to another. I don't mean the snooker player who can afford to throw a mean wood, although as a young bowler, I often wonder how Willie manages to get his woods on the jack when, on delivery, they appear to be "all eyes". In conversation with him the other day he informed me that he was not feeling his age—he felt more like 20! So much for the benefits derived from bowls!

THE BIG FOUR

A number of us present today will remember the Big Four comprising the first team to visit Shanghai. They were Mr. W. G. Gerrard, Mr. Charlie Bond, Mr. D. Harvey and Mr. W. Russell—all members of this Club. It is of interest to know that these four were considered

ROXY

BROADWAY Theatre

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AT 2.30, 5.00, 7.20 & 9.40 P.M.

WINNER OF 2 OSCARS!

AIR BATTLE SCENES PHOTOGRAPHED IN ACTUAL COMBAT BY MEMBERS OF THE U.S. AIR FORCES AND THE GERMAN LUFTWAFFE!



This is "Savage"...

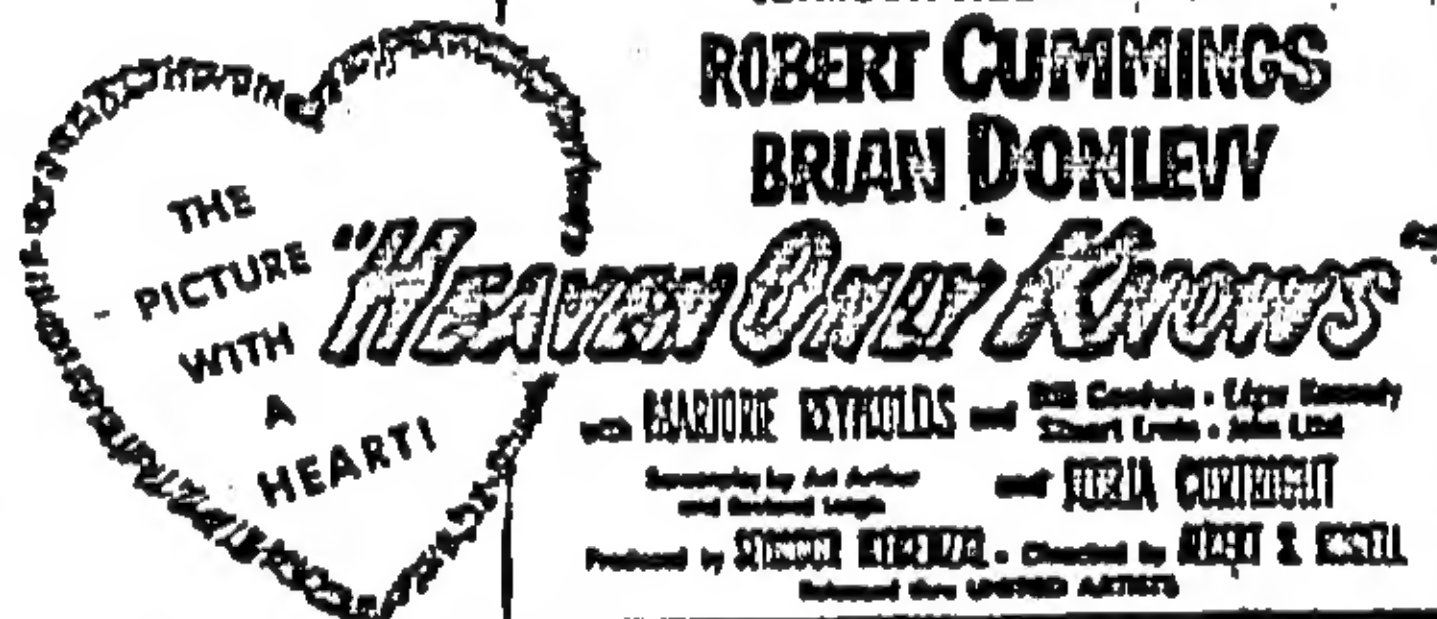


WHO WORE HIS HEART ON WINGS!

12 O'CLOCK HIGH
GREGORY PECK
DARRYL F. ZANUCK - HENRY KING

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SHOWING TO-DAY **WINGS** AT 2.30, 5.15, 7.20 & 9.30 P.M.



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"And now, comrades, to the barbarous Roman Empire—a period when ONE man could decide war or peace for the entire world."

London Express Service

DASHING DIPLOMAT FROM HOLLYWOOD

By GEOFF JEFFREYS

TO the vast army of moviegoers Douglas Fairbanks, Jr., is a dashing and debonair screen star who was born to the Hollywood purple and has constantly emulated but never eclipsed his father's fame. But Douglas Fairbanks, Jr.,—wiry, thinning and now 41 years old—says that he has never traded on his father's name, and increasingly sees himself as a trans-Atlantic envoy, a one-man signpost in Anglo-American relationships.

He opened this year's all-British motor show in New York at the side of recovery administrator Paul Hoffmann. In London he lunches with the Duchess of Kent, dines with the Mountbattens, heads the speech-making at Royal command film shows.

Sense of mission

IN his lush Mayfair hotel suite, United Nations officials cheerfully hobnob with young actors and script writers. "Room 123 has an atmosphere of united nations" summed up a columnist recently.

On "D.F.'s" memo pad a brisk secretary jots down an appointment with the U.S. Ambassador, a speech date with the Refugee Defence League, a committee meeting at the Paris headquarters of C.A.R.E. (Co-operative for American Relief in Europe), or a board meeting at Eagle-Lion, Film empires dissolve but Fairbanks moves amid the driftsmoke with a crusading sense of mission.

Currently the handsome and agile-minded star is enthusiastically forming a new Anglo-American film corporation, backed by Texas oil magnate Jack Weather and the Schroeder-Rockefeller banking interests and by British insurance and movie groups.

Wasting no time

"WE plan ten quality pictures a year," Fairbanks explains. "British and

American parties have equal control—and I'm the man in the middle."

Meanwhile, wasting no time, Fairbanks spends some of his own frozen dollars—English profits of earlier pictures—by producing and playing in "Mr. Drake's Duck", a comedy of a backyard duck which starts to lay uranium eggs. And even on location with 60 ducks—probably the first ducks ever contracted en masse by a movie company—he seizes lunch-snack opportunities to plan his campaign as world government candidate in Glasgow University's impending rectorial election.

No special significance, he insists, attaches to this change of venue from Hollywood to Britain. He has already made as many pictures in England as in America. He still owns an estate in California, target of his flying vacations, and receives weekly progress reports from his farm in Virginia.

Opposing story

BUT "D.F." considers that American motion pictures still have to live up to their due responsibilities as a world influence. "Unless we fully understand the world and its peoples," he asserts, "we can be a source of considerable harm."

There is an opposing story of a Hollywood director who instructed a new starlet: "I want you to be as English as Basil Rathbone but only half as English as Douglas Fairbanks, Jr." In actual fact, Fairbanks made his first British movie 14 years ago with Gertrude Lawrence in "Catherine the Great." His diplomatic interests, too, have developed from ever-strengthening international contacts, and are by no means a self-conscious pose.

He began to undertake duties as an unofficial liaison officer between statesmen and personalities of different countries way back in 1937. Prior to the King and



Doug Fairbanks Jr.

Queen's North American tour, he acted behind the scenes as liaison between the White House and Lord Tweedsmuir, Governor-General of Canada. On the outbreak of war, he began organising British war relief. Then he was named as Presidential envoy to Brazil, Argentina, Chile, Peru, and Panama.

All the rest followed. Delivering Spitfires to Malta, escorting convoys to Murmansk, planning commando raids. Towards the end of the war, naval Commander Fairbanks turned up in so many operations—six major sea and amphibious campaigns, 12 minor landings—that few could be sure what he would be doing next.

Wanderlust

TODAY Fairbanks holds ten-fold decorations for his contribution to international affairs, including his Buckingham Palace honour as a Knight Commander of the British Empire. Awarded "in recognition of his work for Anglo-American unity," this KBE gushes him knight but does not entitle him to an un-American "Sir" and has proved a satisfactory solution for both parties.

Fairbanks is also U.S. Vice-President of the United Nations Association and a prominent figure in the American Foreign Policy Association and the United World Federalists. But what are the inner compulsions that have turned the boy from Pickfair into a cosmopolitan cheer-leader?

"There can be no indiscreet questions. There are only indiscreet answers," Fairbanks parries a purposive journalist. His verbal dexterity is reminiscent of his father's athletic prowess.

In reality, the son of Fairbanks, Sr., and Anna Beth

The Lynskey 'Spider' Tells A New Story

By SAM WHITE

PARIS. I cancelled a lunch appointment and went along. THIS is the Sidney Stanley story to end all Sidney Stanley stories. The telephone rang in my office. It was the Lynskey Tribunal "spider" speaking from his Paris den—a room in a dingy hotel near the Bourse.

"Is that you, White?" said Stanley, and then, his voice assuming a husky, mysterious but distinctly peremptory tone: "Listen, I want you to meet me here at one o'clock. I'll be able to give you an hour."

"What's the story?" I asked.

There was a moment's pause and then almost in a whisper: "Listen, I can't tell you much over the phone. All I can tell you is that it is the story the whole world has been waiting for."



SIDNEY STANLEY "Is it a big story?"

"You can come up to my room and see messages and messages from the Yard and from M. Fiteen, telling me what a good job I'm doing for England."

"Last week a man speaking English as good as you or me telephoned and asked me to meet him at a certain cafe."

"We had to wear red flowers in our coat because we didn't know each other, see."

"He said, 'Stanley, I'm glad to meet you. You are the only man in England that can help us.'"

"I said, 'What's your business?' and then, as true as you are, 'I'm sitting here, if we had one brandy we had 36.'"

"It turned out he wanted me to put him in touch with certain ministers and people in the Ministry of Supply."

KNOW EVERYBODY

"He said, 'You know everybody in England, Stanley, and I may as well be frank with you. I'm working for the Russians, and—WE HAVEN'T GOT THE ATOM BOMB YET. We've got that much (again the enveloped forefinger) but we haven't got the whole thing.'"

"Anyway, to cut a long story shorter, he wants me to go to Vienna to meet the boss of the Russian M. Fiteen. Now I want to know your opinion—yes, think I should go to Vienna?"

"Well, you've seen 'The Third Man,' haven't you?" I said non-committally. He looked puzzled.

"Dangerous place, Vienna," I added hastily. "People disappear there."

"I've got to be careful who I tell this to," he said.

—(London Express Service)

A QUICK LOOK

"That's right," he said. "And this is the story—the Russians haven't got the atom bomb—yet."

I tried to look startled, rehearsed, interested.

Stanley shot me a quick look, then, apparently satisfied with my reaction, he jabbed a grubby forefinger in front of my eyes, enveloped it firmly in his right hand, and obscuring all but a nicotine-stained fingernail, continued: "They've got everything but just this little bit," he said, nodding at the fingertip.

"Just a little bit, that's all they need. But until they get that little bit—you can take it from Sidney Stanley—they haven't got the atom bomb yet."

"Now what do you think the Russians want now?" he said bravely. "They want just that little bit what they haven't got to make the bomb—and they've come to me—me, Sidney Stanley—to help them to get it."

"Because as true as I'm sitting here—the Russians haven't got the Atom Bomb."

Again the flabby arm clasp, again his breath on my face. He went on: "You know the Russians have been after me ever since the tribunal."

"They have offered me millions and millions of dollars, enough dollars to paper a house, to work for them."

"I told the Yard all about it and the Yard and me have worked together ever since."

"OFFERED MILLIONS"

AGAIN the flabby arm clasp, again his breath on my face. He went on: "You know the Russians have been after me ever since the tribunal."

"They have offered me millions and millions of dollars, enough dollars to paper a house, to work for them."

"I told the Yard all about it and the Yard and me have worked together ever since."

"The echo of that flop rang round the world," Fairbanks recalls. "No 14-year-old boy could possibly live up to such ballshoo."

The hard way

INDEED, his very name became a disadvantage. Into his early manhood producers complained, "You cannot jump like your father," and showed him the door. For a time he wrote for a living. The other day when he contributed a political article to the august Sunday Times, the editor remarked on the professional touch. This drew a flashing Fairbanks smile, but no comment.

Ultimately he learned his acting craft the hard way, at \$25 a week. Not for nothing is he practically the only second generation film actor ever to win and maintain an independent success. Refusing to take the "Jnr" off his name, today's Douglas Fairbanks feels that any lingering movie resemblance to his father is a family trait rather than deliberate intent.

Happily married, with three daughters, time softens his youthful mistakes. Few people remember that he was once married to Joan Crawford.

New reputation

MOREOVER, acclaiming London critics insist that his latest British picture, "State Secret," narrowly rivals "The Third Man" and creates a new Fairbanks reputation. It was filmed in the crazy Dolomites, and, incidentally, a new 1,000-word Vosnian language had to be created for the film. As an American surgeon who becomes a manhunt in a dictator's country, Fairbanks did not have to speak a word of the language. But no one was surprised when this plot, startlingly international screen star learned complete Vosnian, based on Estonian, Czech, Hungarian and Finnish—in less than three days!

AMERICAN NEWSCOPE:

But Atom Haven Isn't So Quiet

By Newell Rogers

NEW YORK.

THE Korean war has crept up on America's first refugee from the atom bomb.

Nearly four years ago 47-year-old William Keenan—a construction engineer attached for two years to Montgomery's Eighth Army in North Africa—loaded his family into his car and abandoned his home in a New York suburb, and headed west to find "the most unlikely place for the atom bomb to fall."

They found it in the hamlet of De Borgia, with a population of 35, in the heart of the Rocky Mountains between the Camel's Hump and Lookout, two passes on the continental divide, 2,800 miles out of New York.

There Keenan built a home, opened a cafe on the ground floor, and called it "Atom Haven." It is on the American main transcontinental highway.

KEENAN said the other day: "You should see those big double lorries going through here night and day. They are bound for the embarkation ports for Korea. Last month we had one train through here a day. Now they go through nearly every five minutes. There is so much locomotive whistling at night we can't sleep."

"But we are glad we came here. If I'm called again to serve my country I will know my wife and four children are in the safest place I could find for them."

Thanks to the publicity given to Keenan's move, De Borgia has grown to 160 people. Every house is rented and new homes are being built. Keenan says the newcomers are also fugitives from the bomb.

THINKERS. To the staff school at Maxwell air force base were summoned young flying captains and majors who joined up in the last war before they could finish school.

They were to be taught how to think.

The school has cut its thinking classes from 450 to 150, and the courses from five to three weeks.

At present the air force has jobs for the thinkers to do.

FOOD. How much meat will the average American will eat in 1945? (there are now 150,520,108 Americans, according to the official census figures).

The average American will eat 47.7lb. of eggs, 385 of milk and cream, and 96 of sugar.

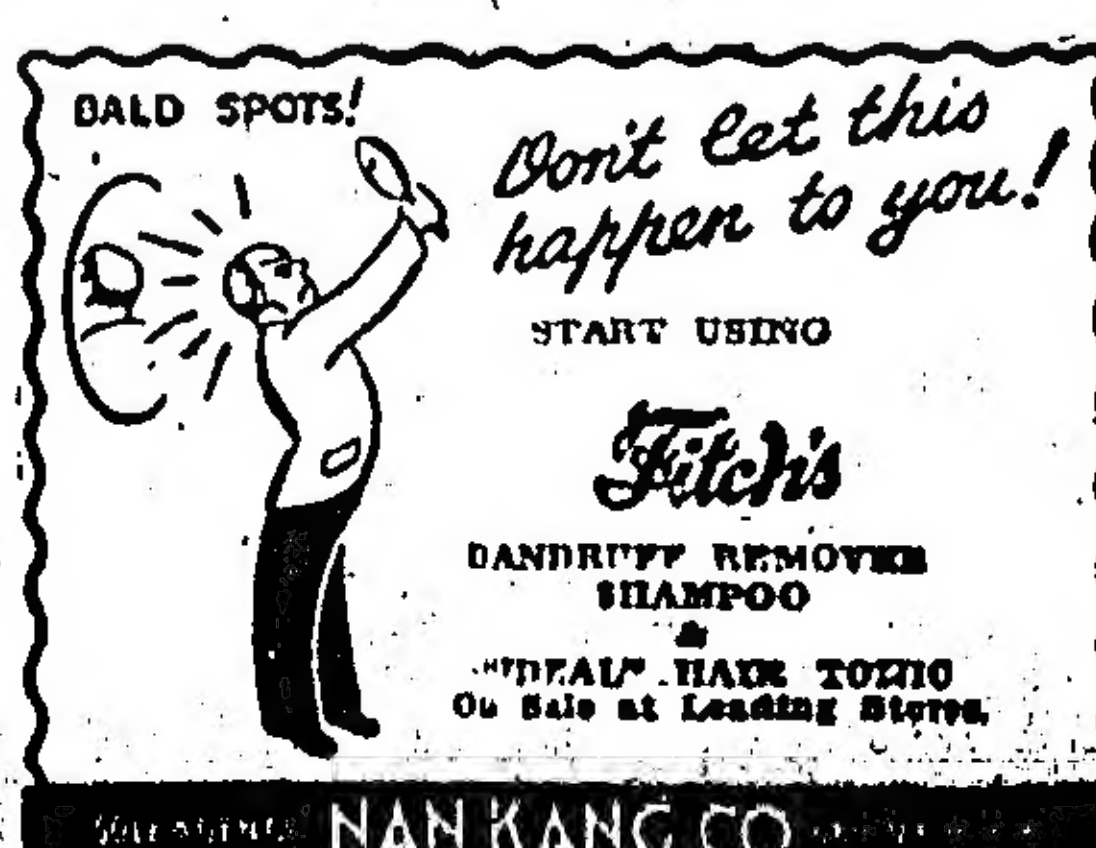
SHOW BUSINESS. Hollywood wants to star Mae West and Jane Russell in a picture called "Mother Knows Best."

NANCY

A Dressing Down



By Ernie Bushmiller



NAN KANG CO.

ALL beauties, these two sets of twins! Jean and Joan Corbett, twin sisters, each hooked identical seven-pound twin bass while fishing near Las Vegas, Nevada. The girls named the fish Minnie and Jinnie. (Acme)

LEE Liberty

DAILY AT 2.30, 5.20, 7.30 & 9.30 P.M. | DAILY AT 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.30 P.M.

SHOWING TO-DAY

LAURENCE
In One
Of The
Great
Stories
To Come
Out Of
The War!

CAPTAIN CAREY USA

Production
by Mitchell Leisen
Directed by Mitchell Leisen
Starring: Wanda Hendrix, Francis Lederer, Joseph Calleia, Patricia Marshall, Robert Taylor, and others.

NEXT
ATTRACTION

TOGETHER AT LAST!—and how they hate it!
ALASTAIR SIM • MARGARET RUTHERFORD

**The HAPPIEST DAYS
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JOYCE GRENFELL MURIEL AKED GUY MIDDLETON EDWARD RIGBY
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QUEENS ALHAMBRA

AIR-CONDITIONED

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"Hey, Warner Bros. What Have You Done to Me?"

MILTON BERLE • VIRGINIA MAYO

ALWAYS LEAVE THEM LAUGHING

RUTH ROMAN • BERT LAHR

QUEEN'S
ADDED: News of the Day
VERY LATEST NEWS OF THE
KOREAN WAR

COMING SOON
M-C-M BIGGEST WESTERN!
"AMBUSH"
with Robert TAYLOR • Arlene DAHL

SHOWING TO-DAY
MAJESTIC
AIR-CONDITIONED
AT 2.30, 5.20, 7.20 & 9.30 P.M.

"YES SIR, THAT'S MY BABY"

Donald O'CONNOR • Charles COBURN
Gloria De HAVEN

ADDED: WARNER-PATHE NEWSREEL
YANKS FIGHT BACK IN KOREA!
WORLD MOURNS CANADA'S MACKENZIE KING!
KING LEOPOLD RETURNS TO BELGIUM.
NATIONAL A.A.U. SWIM CHAMPIONSHIP.
ETC. ETC. ETC.

Next Change: "ANOTHER PART OF THE FOREST"

ORIENTAL AIR CONDITIONED

Take Any Eastern Tram Car or Happy Valley Bus
SHOWING TO-DAY: 2.30—5.30—7.30 & 9.30 P.M.

MEET Antinea, Fatal, Beautiful Queen of Atlantis,
whose Love No Man could Win!

MONTY AUMONT-OKEEFE
SIREN OF ATLANTIS
ARTHUR REPLEY • SYMOUR NEBELNAL

Relaxation, A Cure For Skin Rash

By H. N. BUNDESEN, M.D.
EVERYONE at some time or another has had skin rashes, and doctors know that the causes of skin rashes are legion and may include everything from germ infections to over-sensitivity either to foods or to substances with which the skin comes in contact.

One type of skin disorder, known as neurodermatitis, seems due entirely to high nervous tension which is so prevalent nowadays. Treatment of the rash itself will rarely result in improvement in these cases, but, instead, the person himself must be properly handled before the skin disturbance can be relieved.

Such people are often told to go home and relax. This is as useless as telling the skin to get rid of its rash. The fact that they do not know how to relax. They may try for a day or two, but this only makes them more nervous than before so that they give up the effort altogether.

Weeks, or even months, may be necessary to change the habits of a lifetime so as to learn how to relax and lessen nervousness, and the patient must be made to realize this. The patient with neurodermatitis should be told that emotional disturbances are responsible for the skin trouble. He must be taught to slow down or to learn to take things as they come. He must adopt the attitude that "50 years from now it won't make any difference so why worry about it?"

People with neurodermatitis are intense. They worry through their daily work and, in fact, worry through everything they do. They must be helped to get to bed early, to start the day right by getting up in time, to dress slowly, to eat a leisurely breakfast and to carry on the day's activities calmly. These people soon find out that they can get as much done in this leisurely way as they can by hurrying through their work under emotional strain.

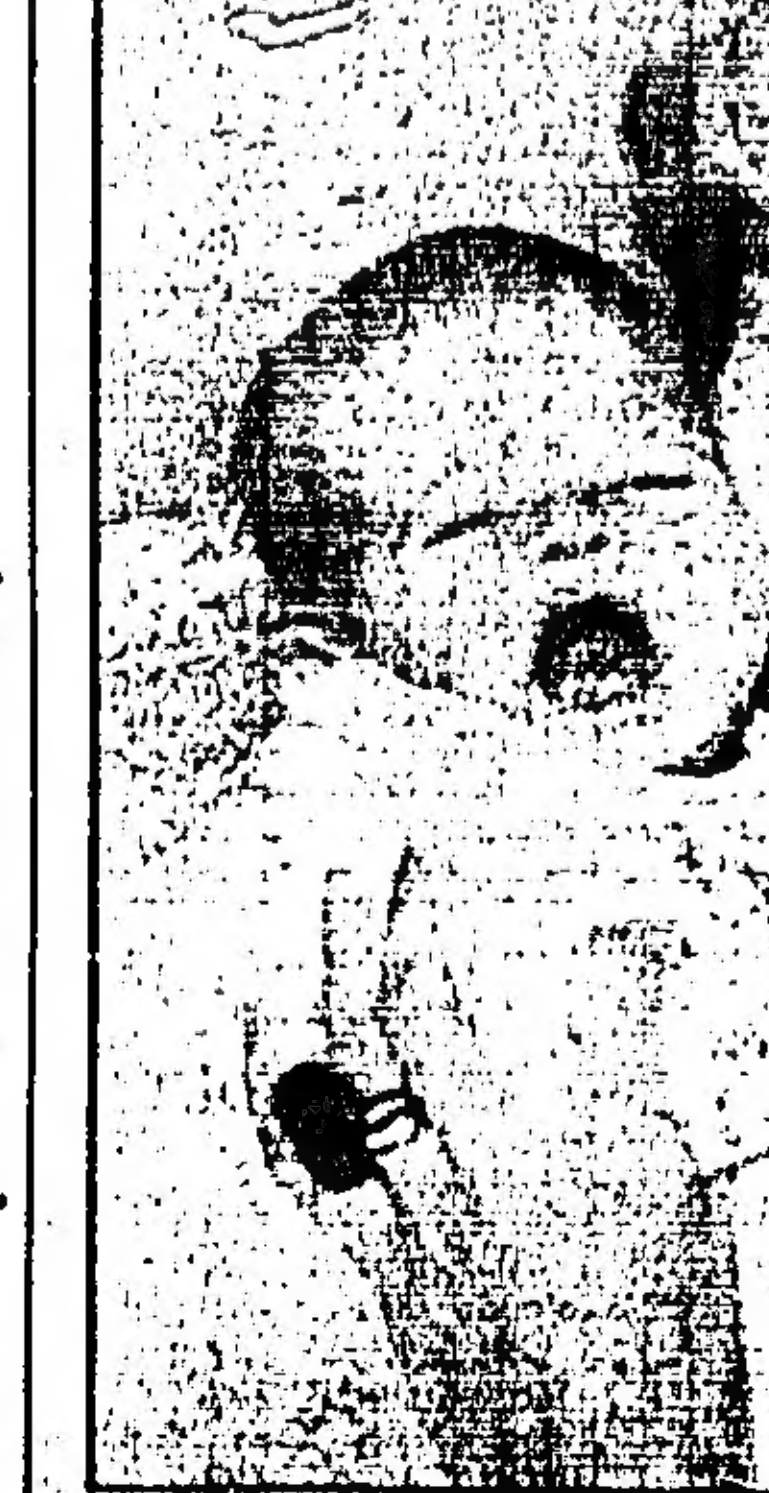
The housewife should be taught to simplify her housework, and to get rid of any unnecessary tasks. And, of course, she must learn that perfection is unnecessary and that, in any case, to strive for it is futile.

Make Decisions
These patients should not allow their problems to accumulate, but should make decisions as promptly as possible. If there is some difficulty which cannot be got rid of, then the only thing to do is to make the best of it. A pattern for living, which gives adequate time for work, play, rest and religion, should be worked out. It is also important to avoid the excessive use of stimulating beverages such as tea and coffee. In fact, it may be well to abstain from them entirely. Sedative drugs, given in the proper dose by the doctor, are also of value. These things are all worth trying and will often help.

Household Hints
If a garment is stained with indelible pencil marks, don't put it in water, as water will make the marks spread and the stain will be harder to remove. First soak the stain in denatured alcohol, then sponge it with soap and water if carbon staining remains. Or try removing the marks with household bleach.

When a hot dish sticks to a cloth, pour a little hot water around it and in a few minutes you can pick up the dish without marring the cloth.

Yawn that stole the picture



Her mother had a smile for the camera, but, for her first picture, Stephanie had a yawn! They are Joyce Howard, mother of actor Basil Sydney, 36, and her baby daughter.

WOMANSENSE

Where Are The Pockets?



From Horrockses is this 1950 gay multi-colored striped summer dress with large shoulder-level pockets and unpressed pleated skirt.

The Problem Child

SWEET REVENGE

By GARRY CLEVELAND MYERS, Ph.D.

A CHILD, in order to be happy and ready to co-operate with his parents, must feel not only that he is loved and wanted but also loved and wanted as much as any other child in the family. It is not at all unusual for a youngster, two, three or four to be strongly negative toward his parents. But when a child as old as ten or twelve is so, there must be pretty strong emotional factors of some sort at the root of the matter.

A mother's complaint:

"I have a boy, ten, in the fifth grade at school. He is popular with his playmates and interested in sports. For the past two years he has gradually developed a very antagonistic attitude toward his father and me. In fact any adult he is in contact with, his manners have become repulsive and he defies anyone to correct him. Everything goes along smoothly until it is necessary to correct him, then he immediately has a chip on his shoulder and delights in doing things he knows will upset us. He has a brother, two, whom he loves and toward whom he shows no resentment."

I replied about as follows. If you put yourself in the place of this older child you probably would feel and act about as he does. Since the baby is so small the older boy does not turn his ugly feelings upon him but upon his parents, thus blinding you to the baby's painful jealousy. This lad feels that he himself is considered very unimportant in comparison with the baby, not only by his parents but by other adults also.

You need to find more ways to make this older boy feel worthwhile. Help him attract playmates to the home and enjoy more achievements and self-reward.

Why Be Upset?

This older lad has discovered that he can by his ugly ways annoy you parents very much and get sweet revenge. You say he delights in upsetting his parents. Why be upset? Make clear to him the few things he must or must not do (that you can check personally). Be decisive. Provide effective penalties.

BEFORE YOUR PERM

In the perm process hair experts bandy around such technical words as porosity and elasticity. In that event, the amount of lotion used for your permanent should be carefully gauged. If your hair curls easily and holds its set, it has a lot of elasticity, and you need to be cautious about the timing of your wave.

If your hair absorbs moisture or dries slowly, it has a lot of porosity. In that event, the amount of lotion used for your permanent should be carefully gauged. If your hair curls easily and holds its set, it has a lot of elasticity, and you need to be cautious about the timing of your wave.

Preparation

Besides the care used in washing the excess of your permanent depends on the condition of the hair you present to be waved. Dry hair should be treated to several oil conditioning treatments with much brushing and massage of the scalp before the wave is attempted.

All hair should be shorn of split and frizzled ends by an expert with a wet razor. You should also have your hair shaped and thinned by the same expert, unless the style you intend to wear it.

Only such painstaking preparation can guarantee the success of your wave and the beauty of your hair for the entire summer!

Wonderful if you could find this older lad to read to the baby and do things to amuse him. No better way to cultivate in him happier feelings. Build up in the baby an increasing admiration for his big brother. Also see that the baby does not appropriate or mess up his brother's things.

Wonderful if you could find this older lad to read to the baby and do things to amuse him. No better way to cultivate in him happier feelings. Build up in the baby an increasing admiration for his big brother. Also see that the baby does not appropriate or mess up his brother's things.

Double Duty Evening Dress



Lace sheath plus over-skirt.
By Vera Winston

SHOWN today, is a useful and clever two-way evening dress. It is a black lace sheath of a dress in day length. The softly fitted bodice has narrow shoulder straps which are something new again, after all the strapless jobs. A separate over-skirt of black net is attached to a belt of black lace. For the under-dress there is a separate belt. The over-skirt adds an extra note of formality to the basic black lace design.

Let's Eat

BY IDA BAILEY ALLEN

Research on New Food Items

THE amount of work that goes into the production of a new food, or new form of food processing, is almost unbelievable. Unless you have been trained as chemist, physicist or laboratory research worker, it would seem fantastic.

Yet every tin of food you buy, every package of mix, bottle of extract, jar of condiment, every package of frozen food, represents years of patient research and experiment.

Back in the twenties, when I had a cooking school in New York City, Mr. Clarence Blodgett, the originator of the instant process for freezing food, sent a hundred pounds of frozen fish fillets for my students to take home and test. They were enthusiastic even then.

Frozen Foods
You would think by this time that everything possible had been discovered about freezing foods of all kinds. But there is still much to be learned. For instance, when visiting Syracuse University I dropped into the Frozen Foods Laboratory in the College of Home Economics, where Dr. Jenn I. Simpson and her students were experimenting with the freezing of foods at lower temperatures.

Sausage, as usually frozen, tends to become rancid after being kept in the freezer more than 6 months. But what will happen if the sausage is frozen at minus zero, a still lower temperature? According to test after cooking, a lower freezing temperature tends to prevent this rancidity. Dr. Simpson was also conducting experiments for firmer flavor and keeping qualities with lower freezing temperatures than those generally used for vegetables and fruits.

In the experimental foods laboratory, under the watchful eyes of Dr. Anne Bourquin and Dr. Betty Watts, basic experiments were being conducted by graduate students working for their doctor's degree under special grants from food manufacturers, who hoped to better their products as a result of painstaking experiments. One woman was experimenting with the whipping of dried skim milk. On the counter was almost every advertised brand. Most of them whipped satisfactorily; one or two did not. Her problem was to find the reason, so the difficulty could be corrected.

Yes—that efficient package, tin or jar of this or that food, which you buy to serve to your family, is constantly being checked and rechecked through careful research for purity, keeping qualities and palatability.

Dinner

Spring Carrot Salad Warm Rolls
Braised Pork Chops
Steamed Cabbage
Sweet Potato Casserole
Hot Speed Apple Sauce
Rhubarb-Cherry Pie
Coffee or Tea Milk (Children)
(Menu adapted from Residence Hall, Syracuse University).

All Measurements Are Level Unless Served Four

Braised Pork Chops

Trim excess fat from 4 large pork chops cut 1/2" thick. Mix 1 tbsp. flour, 1/2 tsp. salt, 2 pepper and 1/2 tsp. cummin seed or powdered sage. Rub into the chops. In a medium-sized frying pan, melt 1 tbsp. fat. In this, slow-brown the chops on both sides. Add 1 c. water or liquid drained from cooking potatoes, and 1 bouillon cube or envelope broth powder. Bring to boiling point. Cover; simmer until fork-tender, about 35 min.

Sweet Potato Casserole

Boil or pressure-cook 6 medium-sized sweet potatoes. Peel slices. Add 1 c. water or liquid drained from cooking potatoes, and 1 bouillon cube or envelope broth powder. Bring to boiling point. Cover; simmer until fork-tender, about 35 min.

Rhubarb-Cherry Pie

Line a 9" pie plate with rich pie crust. Home-made or from a can. Combine 2 c. chopped young tender rhubarb (not peeled), with 1 c. stoned defrosted frozen cherries. Add 1/4 c. granulated sugar, the grated rind of 1 lemon, 1/4 tsp. salt and 3 tbsp. quick cooking tapioca. Spread in the crust-lined pie plate; dot with 1 tsp. butter or margarine; dot on a top crust, or make a lattice-work topping of pastry strips. Bake 10 min. in a hot oven, 400 F. Then reduce heat to 350-375 F. and bake 30 min. longer.

Trick Of The Chef

To spice apple sauce and still keep it white: To 2 c. sweetened white apple sauce (or 1 tin), add 4 whole cloves and 1/2 stick cinnamon tied in a bit of gauze. Heat 10 min.; remove spice.

Your Sewing Scrapbook
by Mary Brooks Picken

Off-the-Shoulder Blouse For Summer Heat

"MAKE it pretty, make it your way!"
To insure this, choose a sheer—voile, awiss, or chiffon. You need 1 1/2 yds. of 36" or 40" fabric.

Straighten fabric. For sleeves, cut off one 12" strip, on crosswise thread. Fold strip in half lengthwise and cut on fold (A). Cut remaining yard of fabric in half on crosswise thread. Fold one of these halves, lengthwise, and make measurement from one selvage to fold 1/4 bust measure plus 5". Pin, then cut from B to C. Measure down from B 2" (D). Measure along edge from B 1/2 armhole less 1" (E). Cut on line F.

Fold back piece over 1/4 bust measure plus 3" (G). Cut from G to H. Measure armhole exactly the same as for front and cut on line I. If fabric is 40", you need not piece sleeve. If it is only 36" wide, then from remaining piece add a 3" strip to each sleeve to provide desired fullness.

Slitch sleeve to front and back of blouse on lines F and I, and be stitched to edges of starting each seam from top edge. (Underarm and sleeve seams are not stitched until after shirring is put in.) If fabric ravels, stitch 1/4" from raw edge of neckline and bottom of sleeves, then turn and baste 1" hems.

Put elastic thread on bobbin. Attach ruffler, set for longest possible stitch. Gather 2 1/4" from edge, around neckline and bottom of sleeves. (Two or more rows may be added above this hem-row. Elastic thread makes it easy to slip blouse on and off.)


French seam underarms, attaching through sleeve and then blouse section. Finish bottom of blouse with 1/4" hem.

Lace or daintiest embroidery may be stitched to edges of hems. Narrow velvet bows may be tacked at centre front and on each sleeve.

Diagram showing measurements for the blouse: Bust meas + 5", Bust meas + 3", and Sleeve.

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Today's Weather: Moderate SE winds. Occasional showers.
Noon Observations: Barometric pressure, 1002.1 mbs.
29.59 in. Temperature, 85 deg. F. Dew point, 78 deg. F. Re-
lative humidity, 10%. Wind direction, ESE. Wind force, 10 knots.
High water: 5 ft. 9 in. at 8.11 a.m. (Tuesday).

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VOL. V NO. 185

MONDAY, AUGUST 7, 1950.

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HEAVY BOMBER EXPLOSION CREATES HAVOC

Fairfield, California, Aug. 6.
A Superfortress bomber, laden with 8,000 gallons of petrol, crashed soon after taking off from here late last night, killing at least 20 men and injuring 60 other people in an explosion which was felt 35 miles away.

The plane, which also carried a number of 500-pound demolition bombs, was said to be on a "long training mission."

An Air Force spokesman denied that the Superfortress had been bound for the Korean war zone.

Brigadier General Robert F. Travis, Commander of the Ninth Heavy Bomber Wing, and of the base here, was among those who died in the plane, which hurled flaming petrol over trailers housing Air Force families.

The trailer area was seared and riddled, as well as a neighbouring Army barracks, but a brief interval between the crash and the blast permitted Air Force police to evacuate all residents, including many children, it was announced.

Four of those on board the aircraft escaped alive, Colonel Carlos J. Cochran, who took over command of the air base when General Travis was killed, stated today. Two of the survivors were the pilot and the co-pilot. Their names were not disclosed.

Three women who rushed to the spot when the plane crashed were killed in the terrific blast a few minutes later. One other unidentified person was

also believed to have been killed.

Colonel Cochran said that the plane carried a number of 500-pound demolition bombs, as well as the heavy load of petrol.

BIG EXPLOSIONS
Eight fire-fighting vehicles were burned black and damaged by the explosion. Fragments of the big bomber were hurled hundreds of yards in all directions.

An Army barracks, and a nearby area where 40 privately owned trailers housed Air Force families, were seared and riddled.

Colonel Cochran said most of the injured were spectators, he added.

The big bomber crashed 60 yards from a trailer area housing about 72 Air Force families. The explosion spread burning petrol throughout the area. The trailers were flattened by the explosion.

The Air Base Public Information Officer said later that 60 people were injured in the explosion and fire which spread into the housing area.

The explosion, which sent a ball of fire hundreds of feet into the air, hurled flaming petrol over a wide area.

Cleaning up operations were still in progress tonight and security precautions were enforced.

Atom Scientist Arrested

Berlin, Aug. 6.
West Berlin police today threw a cordon round a small coffee house in the American sector of the city and arrested the Soviet Zone atomic research scientist, Professor Robert Havemann.

The coffee house was serving to camouflage an illegal meeting of Communist "Peace Appeal" leaders, the police said.

The meeting was dispersed, but no other arrests were made.

Professor Havemann, who is a lecturer of the East Berlin Humboldt University, is to be charged with holding an unlicensed political meeting.

Under the Allied regulations, all political meetings in West Berlin have to be licensed by the City Administration.—Reuter.

On a man came out of the plane and walked around in a dazed condition. I helped him get away from the fire.

"I could hear him shouting 'Let's get out of here, there are bombs in there!'"

Fairfield Suisun Air Base is about 35 miles from San Francisco.—Reuter.

It Was A Bridge



Thick smoke rolls skyward like a dark fleecy cloud and another bridge over the Kum River has been destroyed.

Harriman Sent To Repair MacArthur Damage

Washington, Aug. 6.
President Truman sent Ambassador W. Averell Harriman to Tokyo to confer with General MacArthur on doubts created in Asia about the political implications of his recent trip to Formosa.

Administration sources said today. Mr Harriman, President Truman's special assistant on foreign affairs, flew to Japan on Friday with instructions to emphasise that the United States political attitude toward the Chinese Nationalist regime must be kept carefully separated from the purely military matter of defending Formosa.

He was dispatched, after Administration officials decided that the American political aims in the Far East have been severely damaged by General MacArthur's recent conferences with Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek and by statements issued by Nationalist officials. Chiang and Dr Wellington Koo, Nationalist Ambassador to the United States, indicated that the United States was going to modify its decision to keep the Nationalists from fighting the Communists on the Chinese mainland.

What was unfortunate, officials pointed out, was the rise of ideas in Asia that the United States was using General MacArthur's visit as the first move toward major rapprochement with the Chinese government.

If the United States political and military aims on Formosa (Contd. on Page 5 Col. 3)

The Family Needs A Bus

Hull, Aug. 6.
A Hull dock, 69-year-old Horace Hartley, of Beechcroft Street, chartered a bus to take his family of 18 to the sea today.

The family came to his home by taxi, bicycle, on foot and in perambulators. The five daughters, three sons, their husbands and wives, and 22 grandchildren boarded the bus and started on a 12-hour excursion to Scarborough, a Yorkshire coast resort.—Reuter.

Air Force Sabotage Sensation

London, Aug. 6.
Informed sources said today that Royal Air Force security officers were investigating widespread suspected sabotage of planes and equipment earmarked for the Far East and other overseas points.

They said the largest single case of sabotage occurred at Salford in Lancashire, where hundreds of airplane wings were ripped.

The planes already had been packed in crates, labelled for Far East shipment, when the sabotage was accidentally found.

Officers of the RAF special investigation branch were reported to be investigating other instances of suspected sabotage in England and Scotland.

The disclosure came as security officials were investigating other suspected cases of sabotage aboard naval vessels and in the new House of Commons.—United Press.

Bombing Of Moscow—With Food—Urged

London, Aug. 6.
A small, hood-humoured crowd in London's Trafalgar Square today applauded a suggestion that Britain should bomb Moscow with food parcels.

Extra police, mounted and on foot, mingled with the crowd in the heat of an August bank holiday weekend to hear Dr Donald Soper, a Methodist minister, speak in defence of his recent statement that he would rather see Britain occupied by Communists than have a third world war.

Dr Soper, speaking on the 4th anniversary of the dropping of the atom bomb on Hiroshima, said that as a Christian and a pacifist he thought war was a sin.

"If we started to bombard Moscow with food parcels, I do not think that even the Iron Curtain could prevent the ordinary people of Moscow thinking there was a new spirit abroad in the world," he said.—Reuter.

NAKTONG RIVER LINE FORCED AT TWO POINTS

Four Korean Divisions Massed For Thrust At Pusan PROBING FOR SOFT SPOT

Korea, Aug. 7.
Communist troops in battalion and regimental strength have forced the Naktong River, the last natural defence line of Allied forces in South Korea, at two points.

General MacArthur's midnight communique said that a full North Korean battalion got across near Changyong, 25 miles north of Masan, left flank base on the south coast of the American lines holding the approaches to the bridgehead supply port of Pusan.

Up and down this line the Communists were believed to have massed four full divisions and part of a fifth in a full weight thrust at the only big harbour left in American hands.

East of Sangju, along the upper reaches of the Naktong, a North Korean regiment crossed the River and late last night two of its battalions were still in raging battle with South Korean defenders.

The force that got over at Chungyong—heavily engaged by elements of the American 24th Division late into the night—was backed up by steadily increasing Communist concentrations of men and armour on the south and centre of the 120-mile bridgehead defence line.

North Korean movements indicated a further massing of forces for a fully expected two-pronged job, in the centre at Taegu, and at the supply road running south to cut the defenders in two between Taegu and Pusan.

The possibility of "penetration" north of the Taegu sector, where American commanders say they must hold out against the massed weight of three Communist divisions or "take to the beaches", still exists, the communique said.

Stirred up by the combat probing of American and South Korean forces, which MacArthur's headquarters yesterday said was keeping the North Koreans "off balance", the North Koreans were pin-pricking and infiltrating along the entire front.

On the extreme southern flank, where the battle line lies roughly 40 miles west of Pusan Harbour, MacArthur's communique said that the Communists were still actively probing for a soft spot put all their efforts to infiltrate have been repulsed.

On the northern flank, held by the South Koreans, Communist pressure was reported to be heavy, and north of recaptured Yongdok, intense fighting continued with positions unchanged in the last 24 hours.

Yongdok and villages along the coast to the north have been blasted and gutted by the guns of American cruisers and destroyers employed in artillery support of South Korean troops.

In addition to their grouping of heavy armour for an imminent assault on the Naktong River, the Communists are reported to be massing new air strength at fields behind the lines.

AIR STRIKES
But their failure to put fighter planes into the air against American bombers has resulted in heavy losses. Nine

Goods Train Sabotaged
Berlin, Aug. 6.
Polish saboteurs derailed a goods train carrying machine tools listed as reparations for Russia and destroyed most of the cargo the Northwest German Radio reported tonight.—Reuter.

Barrier Gates Burned On Frontier

Weller, Aug. 6.
Shouting "Europe is here," students of many nationalities converged on this Franco-German frontier post from both sides of the border today, smashed down the barrier gates and burned them in a bonfire as Customs officers looked on helplessly.

The demonstration was organised by the International University Federal Union, an international student body supporting the aims of European union.

In the well-arranged protest against national barriers, the students approached the frontier from both sides near the forest of Hagenu, the scene of bitter fighting between the Germans and the Allied in 1945.

The frontier guards did not interfere and there were no casualties.

While a German youth wielding a heavy log smashed the red lamps on the frontier post, students from each side of the border picked up the barriers and carried them to the bonfire.

The demonstration had evidently been well planned in advance. The students camped overnight on both sides of the border, those on the French side comprising nearly every nationality represented in the Council of Europe.—Reuter.

EDITORIAL

Coming Of Age

GIVING expression to the challenge of the civilised world to the Soviet-sponsored branch of international peace and security in Korea, more than fifty members of the United Nations and one prospective member, Italy, have lined themselves up in support of the Security Council's decision to use armed force against the invaders. These nations represent every continent and every race and include, in particular, such nations as India and Pakistan, Thailand and the Philippines. All have pledged themselves to do everything within their power to back up the Council's precedent-breaking policy. This rallying around the United Nations banner has been a welcome and impressive display of international solidarity in the face of new aggression. It is also the most effective refutation of the Soviet propaganda charges that the Korean war was started by the Republic of Korea at the instigation of "American imperialism." But one thing remains to be done to translate this solidarity into action, and that is to co-ordinate and organise the various offers of aid into a composite whole. Thus the U.N. would not only make the best possible use of the resources of the supporting nations but also demonstrate beyond any chance of misrepresentation that the military support now being extended to South Korea is, indeed, a United Nations action undertaken solely in defence of the principles of the Charter, and not for any selfish gain. This obviously calls for a special United Nations body to organise and direct the whole United Nations war effort in Korea—a body to which all the supporting nations can submit their

specific offers of aid and which, in particular, can mobilise representative forces from South-East Asia to nip in the bud not only Communist propaganda but also any remaining suspicions regarding "white" imperialism. Under the Charter, this directing body should be the Military Staff Committee, consisting of the Chiefs of Staff of the permanent members of the Security Council and representatives of other nations participating in its work. That committee is charged with advising and assisting the Security Council on all questions relating to its military requirements and the employment and command of forces placed at its disposal. But due to Soviet obstruction the committee broke down completely two years ago, and it would be obviously absurd to permit a Soviet representative to participate in the United Nations war effort at this time. For that reason the United Nations have appointed a Co-ordinating Committee, or War Council, to direct both the military and economic efforts necessary to cope with the present emergency. The Committee has approved the appointment of General MacArthur, directing the military operations in Korea, as commander of the combined United Nations forces and are channeling to him whatever additional aid is available. No doubt, each national contingent will still want to fight under its own flag, but side by side with the national banners will also fly the blue and white banner of the United Nations to demonstrate that the United Nations has at last come of age and is meeting the responsibilities imposed on it.

STOP PRESS

U.S. OFFENSIVE

Tokyo, Aug. 7.
The United States Marines and Infantrymen opened the first major American offensive of the war today against three Communist divisions at the southern end of the Allied front.

Marines from the First Division went into action for the first time since their landing in Korea. It was the eighth anniversary of their landing on Guadalcanal.

The United States counter-attack started at 6.30 a.m. on the front west of the Masan-Chungdong area. The American fighting men seeking to stop the Communist drive on the vital port of Pusan were members of the Tenth Army's 3rd and Fifth Regiments.

In addition to halt the Communist push against Pusan, the American counter-offensive was designed to relieve the mounting pressure against the Allied troops to the north.

The assault by reinforced American troops was preceded by heavy artillery bombardment to clear the path for the initial drive. Allied fighters roared overhead to pound enemy positions.—United Press.

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